FOIPA COVER SHEET

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: (COINTELPRO)

NEW LEFT

ALBUQUERQUE

100-449698-62

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 3/31/71

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, 12/30/70.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE (CI) ACTION

Albuquerque has no potential CI action at this time.

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

Albuquerque currently has no pending counterintelligence action other than our continuing efforts to improve our informant coverage both on campus and in communes. In this regard it is noted Albuquerque, since referenced letter, has developed a Bureau approved PSI, Bureau approved CS, and has two more PSIs under development.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

None. In order to establish a counterintelligence action of merit, it is necessary to direct it against a specific group or activity. Recently, there have been some indications of attempts to stir interest in dissident activity. However, the response has been lackadaisical and the best policy at this time is watchful waiting and be prepared.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM/pd
(3)

REC-4

3 APR 1971

1APR8 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 12/30/70

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, 6/30/70.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE (CI) ACTION

Albuquerque has no potential CI action at this time.

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

Albuquerque currently has no pending counterintelligence action other than our continuing efforts to improve our informant coverage both on campus and in communes.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

On 11/9/70, the New Mexico State University Recognition Committee voted 5-1 for non-recognition of the Radical Education Project (REP) as a student organization. This was brought about partly because it came to the attention of Committee members that the REP was an information arm of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS). The organizers of the REP were unsuccessful in organizing an SDS group at NMSU in 1969. This latest non-recognition was a double blow since most of the University officials feel the organizers of REP were not truthful because they disclaimed any knowledge or information of a connection between their group and SDS.

REC-73

EX-113

JAN 4 1971

(2) - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM:dak
(3)

JAN 11 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 6/30/70

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) P

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter dated 4/1/70.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

At this time Albuquerque has no potential counter-intelligence action in mind.

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

Albuquerque has distributed appropriate sources copies of Bureau reprints "A Study in Marxist Revolutionary Violence: SDS; 1962-1969" and "The SDS in the High Schools." It is believed making this information available to our sources in high schools and colleges will enable them to better understand the true menace represented by SDS and the Bureau's need for prompt reporting of any information these sources may obtain. Albuquerque is taking advantage of the summer lull by strengthening and enlarging our contacts with school authorities and other sources of information. It is further noted Albuquerque is currently investigating 26 hippie communes in northern New Mexico and, as a necessary technique, is developing informants and sources of information which it is believed will be of material assistance in our continuing investigation of New Left activities.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS REC 45 103 -6?-20

None. It is noted there has been no planned action by dissident groups since the Easter recess. What action has occurred has resulted from spontaneous individual behavior.

(2) - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM:rag
(3)

13 JUL 6 1970

INT. SEC.

5 JUL 13 1970

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 4/1/70

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter dated 12/23/69.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

At this time Albuquerque has no potential counter-intelligence action in mind.

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

Albuquerque has requested and received additional copies of two recent Bureau reprints entitled "A Study in Marxist Revolutionary Violence: Students for a Democratic Society; 1962-1969" and "The SDS in the High Schools, A Study in Student Extremism," both of which were authored by the Director. Albuquerque is currently discussing with reliable sources the best possible use of this material and appropriate distribution of this will be made in the near future.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

Albuquerque requested and obtained Bureau authority to furnish to [redacted] the Albuquerque Public Schools, [redacted] material setting forth [redacted] activities in SDS. This information was furnished to [redacted] on a confidential basis on March 6, 1970. On April 1, 1970, [redacted] advised that primarily based on the above information the Albuquerque Public School System was no longer considering [redacted] application for a part-time position as a teacher with the Albuquerque Public School System.

REC 99

(2) Bureau (RM)
1-Albuquerque
GKM/lll
(3)

9 APR 3 1970

APR 8 1970

RESEARCH SECTION

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

AQ ~~105~~-1677

Recently the SDS group at New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, New Mexico, submitted a request for campus recognition to the appropriate student body. This request was denied but on appeal the denial was overturned. According to University procedures, the [redacted], then had to rule finally on the request. After due consideration, [redacted] advised that he was reversing the decision of the Appeal Board and campus recognition would not be given to the SDS group. It is noted that there has been frequent contact between Bureau personnel assigned to the Las Cruces area and [redacted] in the past and he has been extremely cooperative. It is felt that this liaison coupled with authorized anonymous mailings of appropriate literature under this program in the past was at least partially influential in helping [redacted] reach a decision concerning the SDS.

STM 105

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 3/3/70

REC-123
Director, FBI (100-449698) 1 - [redacted]

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reurlet 2/17/70.

Authority is granted to furnish [redacted] with copies of public source material identifying [redacted] as a member of and an activist with the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS). On the occasion of your contact with [redacted] you should advise him that the Bureau's interest in this matter should be kept in strictest confidence and that it should not be identified in any way as the source of his information.

Advise the Bureau when your contact with [redacted] has been made and the results of such contact.

RHH:jes
(4)

NOTE:

Albuquerque has advised that [redacted] an SDS member and activist while at the University of New Mexico, has applied for a parttime position as a teacher in the Albuquerque Public Schools System. Albuquerque requested authority to furnish public source material concerning [redacted] to [redacted] who is [redacted] voluntarily and his services were considered satisfactory.

MAILED 4
MAR 2 1970
COMM-FBI

Tolson
DeLoach
Walters
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

55 MAR 4 1970 TYPE UNIT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 2/17/70

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to the LHM dated 8/18/69 at Albuquerque, New Mexico, captioned [redacted] SM - SDS."

On 1/30/70, [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that [redacted] is presently employed on a part-time basis by the Albuquerque Public Schools System.

On 2/5/70 [redacted] (Protect), [redacted], advised that while [redacted] had applied for a part-time position as teacher with the Albuquerque Public Schools System, no decision had been made as yet as to whether or not he would be hired.

In view of [redacted] activity in the SDS group at the University of New Mexico (UNM), the Bureau is requested to authorize the Albuquerque Office to furnish [redacted] on a confidential basis the copies of the enclosed public source material setting forth [redacted] activities in SDS.

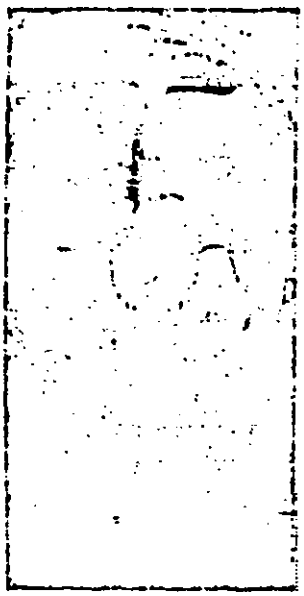
(2) Bureau (Enc 11) (RM)
3-Albuquerque
(2-105-1677)
(1-100-3421)
[redacted]
JFC/lll
(5)

RFC-3 [redacted] -18

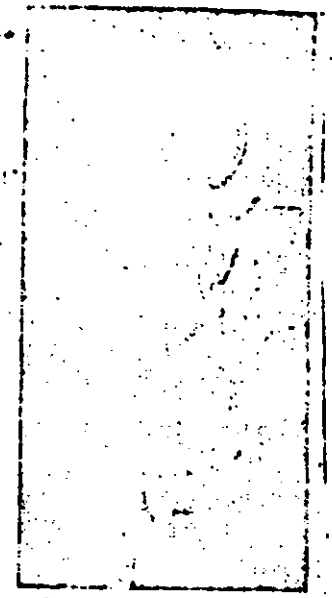
17 FEB 20 1970

RESEARCH SECTION

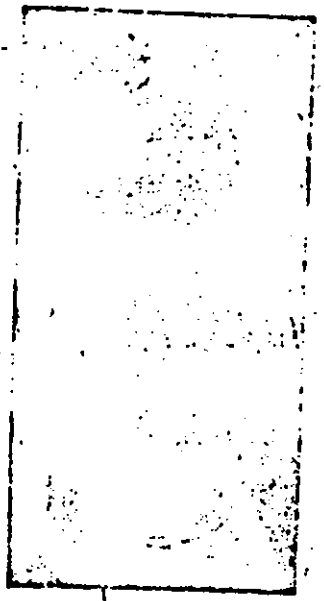
Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



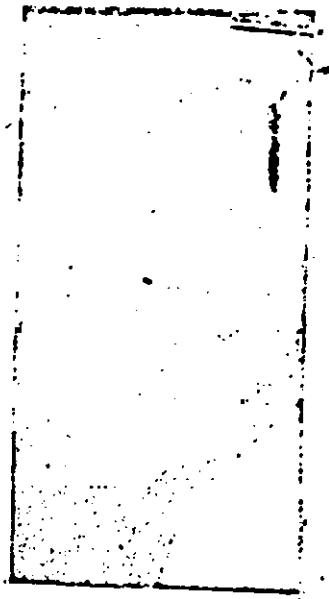
Michael Colvin



Robert Gougelep



Jan Glidden



Richard Nichols

political science department, who said he doubted any department chairman had threatened anyone with withholding of his degree.

Hoyt urged the crowd of about 400 to "make sure the positions you take will reflect credit on the university five years from now."

He said he hated "to see your leadership passing to those who would call our poor campus cops 'pigs' " as had been done by earlier speakers.

Peter Coughlin, a National Science Foundation teaching fellow, told the rally of the GA-TA steering committee's strike request.

He said the steering committee voted 14-1 to seek the strike, and voted unanimously to specify that it be non-violent.

wasn't law. Wilson said the governor had signed the bill into law March 28 or 29 and, since it had an emergency clause, it went into effect immediately.

SINCE NEITHER the judge nor Wilson had material that proved the bill became law, Kilbourne told Albert, "I'll presume there is a law but I'll give you plenty of time to show there is no law."

The defendants will appear before Dist. Judge Robert W. Reidy at 9 a.m. Monday for arraignment on the District Court misdemeanor charge. Trial is set for 9 a.m. Thursday before Reidy.

To appear Monday are: Arthur Bradley Eisenbrey, 18, Mesa Vista Dormitory; Michael Otis Colvin, 25, of 1718 Central SE; Virgil Richard Nichols, 20, of 457 Ash NE; Robert Michael Gougelep, 19, of 1715 Coal SE; Jan Gilden, 21, of 118 Columbia SE; and Dona Sue LaRue, 20, of 1718 Central SE.

All are UNM students except Gougelep, who told the judge he dropped out of school about four weeks ago because of lack of money. He said he is working as a television technician to save enough money to return to school.

DR. MALRY, an Albuquerque elementary school principal who secured his doctorate from UNM last year and attended the university from time to time from 1939-1958, said he was happy with appointment of Rep. Jack Daniels, D-Lea, Rep. Richard Carbajal, D-Valencia, and Rep. H. Merrill Taylor, R-San Juan, to the investigating committee.

Malry said he was on the House Education Committee chaired by Daniels and worked there also with Taylor and that Carbajal "is a good friend of mine."

"I think Mr. Norvell has selected a group that will not go out there and have a witch hunt," Malry said, "but will go out and see what's going on.

"We want to help the university if possible," he said. "We'll clean out filthy-minded professors if we have any filthy-minded professors, and we'll see that teaching assistants have some supervision."

HE SAID the matter was especially important in the district he represents in the house because "there are a large number of faculty members and students, and a large number of citizens concerned about what's been going on out there.

"I think it would be good for the university to look on it (the investigation) as good, because more and more legislators are getting to be anti-university.

"If we don't go through with some kind of investigation, a number of legislators are going to vote nay to giving the university any more money." Malry emphasizes "any."

ABOUT 400 STUDENTS rallied on the mall north of the Union for an hour at noon Friday, waiting for return to the campus of the six arrested Thursday night. They did not return before the rally ended.

Tom Tinnin, sophomore fraternity youth who was dragged from a sound truck when he expressed conservative views at an administration building demonstration April 1, again addressed students Friday.

"You people scream about academic freedom," Tinnin said, "but when I was speaking from a sound truck the microphone was turned off, I was heckled and the truck was finally stormed."

HE WAS UNMOLESTED Friday as he said:

"Last time I said 80 per cent of the university was against the filth such as was distributed in that class, and now I say that at least 90 per cent are against you."

"What has happened to the old ritual of the football rallies?" he asked. Catcalls answered. "They have all been lost in sitins and rebellions," Tinnin continued.

Student David Levine and others told the crowd that police brutally used nightsticks in arrest of the six Thursday night after the conclusion of a protest stand-in inside the courtyard of Heady's home.

HAROLD LAVENDER, university vice president for student affairs who called campus police to Heady's home and was there at the time of the arrests, told the Journal Friday that only one officer "touched" one student with a nightstick.

Lavender said he asked the officer if the nightstick was "necessary" and the man put it away.

"Reports were greatly exaggerated," Lavender said, "though the officers did have to drag the students, because they went limp—that was the tactic used."

Prof. Harry Stumpf of the political science department told the noon rally that he had heard "allegations I can't prove that individual professors have told students studying for their Ph.D's that if they get involved in this, they won't get their degrees."

HE WAS ANSWERED by Prof. Ed Hoyt, chairman of the

Brad Eisenbrey

Dona Sue LaRue

U. Officials Optimistic

By WILLIAM MONTGOMERY

The troubled University of New Mexico went into the weekend Friday night with top officials optimistic that a solution can be worked in the controversy surrounding suspension of teaching assistants Lionel Williams and Kenneth Pollack.

A weekend lull seemed in prospect, at least until 8 p.m. Sunday when a meeting of graduate and teaching assistants will be asked by its steering committee to call a one-day only strike on Wednesday.

Williams and Pollack, freshmen English instructors, were suspended with pay March 27 after the legislature demanded their dismissal following distribution of a poem in Williams' class which legislators called "filthy" and obscene.

PRESIDENT HEADY Wednesday said he would consider reinstatement of the two after the English department came up with guidelines for supervision for teaching assistants.

The English department reportedly forwarded its guidelines to the university administration Friday, but university Academic Vice President Chester Travelstead said the matter was still under discussion.

It was Travelstead who expressed optimism that administration - English depart- two UNM units' getting together were "extremely good" and said he [illegible]des "are quite optimistic."

This sentiment was echoed Friday night by Leo Kanowitz, law professor who is academic counsel for Williams and Pollack.

Kanowitz said:

"There have been encouraging developments and we look forward to a satisfactory resolution to the entire problem."

Also Friday:

—Six youths arrested Thursday night on the lawn of UNM President Ferrel Heady's home were arraigned in magistrate court, released on their own recognizance with orders to appear for trial in district court at 9 a.m. Monday on a charge of wrongful use of public property.

—The loosely knit student "Strike Committee" set up subgroups including one to plan a benefit bake sale and dance for 8 p.m. Monday to raise funds for legal expenses of the six.

—Rep. Lenton Malry, D-Bernalillo, a member of the legislative committee which will investigate state universities, said he was pleased with the "caliber" of the other three named to the committee by House Speaker David Norvell and said the legislators "want to help the university."

TRAVELSTEAD SAID a report published Friday afternoon that the English department had refused to accept Heady's conditions and had asked immediate reinstatement of Williams and Pollack were "absolutely not correct."

Dr. Hoyt Trowbridge, dean of UNM's College of Arts and Sciences and acting chairman of the English department, said of the department administration negotiations:

"There is no conflict that could possibly be described as a [illegible]

TA meeting address[illegible] Williams and Pollack, w[illegible] strike in protest of [illegible] conditions for reinstat[illegible] the two. The university [illegible] proximately 345 assistants.

The student "Strike Committee," met for 90 minutes in the Union Friday to discuss next week's action.

Besides the dance, at a place yet to be found, there will be a general meeting at the same place as the dance at 7 p.m. Monday and subgroups set up Friday will report.

The subgroups included those to decide what action the dissidents will take during the day-long university "evaluation day" Tuesday and to seek support of the community for the cause of "academic freedom."

THE EVALUATION day, scheduled for Tuesday by the university since last November, will open all areas to students' opinions of their instructors and the university.

One feature of the day's evaluation will be an address by Heady from 9 to 9:40 a.m. at a spot yet to be announced.

Classes will be canceled during the day but each college and department will arrange sessions from 1:30 to 5 p.m. Tuesday for the students' evaluation of university personnel and methods.

Defense and prosecution attorneys Friday argued whether the six youths arrested on the lawn of Heady's home Thursday night were being charged under a valid law.

MAGISTRATE H. Wells Kilbourne arraigned the youths — five of whom are students — on a charge of "wrongful use of public property," a provision of a bill passed by the recent legislature. They were released on their own recognizance.

Charges of disorderly conduct [illegible] Sheriff's department, were dismissed on a defense motion. Asst. Dist. Atty. Donald J. Wilson didn't object [illegible] dropping these charges.

[illegible] Chief, American Civil [illegible] attorney [illegible] the four young [illegible] and two young women [illegible]

"Albuquerque Journal"
April 12, 1969
p. A-1

students, sat in front of, around, and on top of President Ferrel Heady's campus home [redacted] night for 90 minutes in protest of Heady's response to the recommendations of the Special Advisory Committee.

The Advisory Committee, appointed by Heady two weeks ago, recommended April 5 that suspended teaching assistants Lionel Williams and Ken Pollack be immediately reinstated to their positions as English teaching assistants.

Heady's response to the recommendation, released Wednesday, said that he would consider reinstating the two only if the English department agreed to supervise their teaching activities and if Williams and Pollack agreed to the terms of the supervision.

"Let's Get Heady!"

While the group of about 200 sat in the courtyard in front of Heady's home last night, another 100-200 students stood outside the walls of the yard and watched while students sang songs, and chanted, "Let's get Heady!"

The gathering dispersed at 9:45 p.m. at the suggestion of student Brian Gratton, but, late last night, a group of a half a dozen students maintained a vigil on Heady's front porch.

Another rally was scheduled to begin today at noon on the Mall.

The group marched on the president's house after a 7:30 p.m. rally during which law professor Leo Kanowitz and sociology professor Gil Merkx blasted what they described as Heady's "arrogant" attitude towards the Advisory Committee's recommendations.

Police Move In

Several campus police moved into the courtyard shortly after the group converged on Heady's house, but attempts to move students out of the yard proved futile.

Campus police then moved on to the porch of the president's folk trio that had stationed itself in front of the main entrance to the house.

Two girls climbed on to the roof of the house and were greeted with cheers from the crowd. When a campus policeman climbed on top of the house to remove the two, several more people climbed on the roof and stationed themselves at various points on the multi-level structure.

Kanowitz Speaks

During the rally on the Mall, Kanowitz, legal counsel for Williams and Pollack, said that Heady had "only gone through the motions to make it appear as though he was accepting the recommendations of the advisory committee he had appointed."

"Heady has proven to be a very sad disapointment," Kanowitz said.

Bulletin

Six UNM students were still in county jail early this morning charged with wrongful use of public property and disorderly conduct after they were arrested by campus police last night at the home of President Ferrel Heady.

The six students are Arthur Bradley Eisenbrey, 18, Michael Otis Colvin, 23, Virgil Nichols, 20, Robert Gougelep, 19, Jan Gilden, 21, and Donna LaRue, 20.

All are being held under $500 bond and were scheduled for an 11 a.m. arraignment today in magistrate court.

The students were arrested by campus police and booked into county jail last night after they refused to leave the front porch of Heady's home where they had been since a group of students converged on the house about 8:40 p.m.

"New Mexico Lobo"
April 11, 1969
p. 1

BUST

[redacted]

Last night, six people stood up for their ideals, for their belief in what this university can be, stood up for YOU!

Can you, WILL you, stand up for yourselves?

Thursday at 5 pm things began with bands in the SUB, but at 7:10, [redacted] threw everyone out. Music continued on the Mall till 8:30. Then scheduled speakers made certain points clear: legal transgressions on the part of Heady, the exact position on the advisory committee, and finally a closing speech by [redacted] after which students spontaneously moved en masse to Ferrel's house, and even poured onto the roof.

Understandably, the uniformed police then present refrained from direct contact with the masses.

It wasn't until later, with an increased number on their part, and a minimal number of on-lookers, that the uni-cops found the courage to take action against the six non-violent, sit-in demonstrators remaining on Ferrel's porch. The police moved in, night-sticks ready, as if they had been watching too many re-runs of the Democratic National Convention. When poking and prodding in the areas of groin, neck, and backbone failed to generate any violent response from the Six, the police felt compelled to resort to pulling them off by the hair or dragging them down the steps by their feet. Thrown into the waiting police wagons, the Six were escorted to county jail, via city jail, singing freedom songs, where they were finally booked on police charges of Disorderly Conduct, & misuse of public property.

Arraignment was scheduled for 8:00 this morning at the County Courthouse with possible bond of $500.00 each.

BUSTED

In U. Poem Fair

Six Arrested After UNM Night Rally

By BILL MONTGOMERY

University of New Mexico police arrested six youths — four boys and two girls — after they refused to leave the grounds of Dr. Ferrel Heady's home on the campus Thursday night.

The arrests came about an hour after 300 students had packed the courtyard of Heady's home for more than an hour in protest over Heady's refusal to reinstate suspended teaching assistants Lionel Williams and Kenneth Pollack.

The arrested youths — taken to the Albuquerque City Jail — were forcibly evicted from the campus after they had remained behind when the main group went home.

Police said the following youths were arrested and would be arraigned on a charge of wrongful use of public property.

— Arthur Bradley Eisenbrey, 18, Mesa Vista Dormitory; Michael Otis Colvin, 25, of 1718

Norvell selects group for probe of UNM, A-5.

Central SE; Virgil R. Nichols, 20, of 457 A h NE; Robert Michael Gougelep, 19, of 1715 Coal SE; Jan Gilden, 21, of 118 Columbia SE; Donna LaRue, 20, of 1718 Central SE.

"Albuquerque Journal"
April 11, 1968
p. 1

SDS Will Boycott Drugs

SDS adopted a resolution at last night's meeting to boycott University Drug Store in protest of the efforts of the owner to evict members of the Commune at Ojo de Casa, near Placitas.

The resolution, written by Dave McCormick, a member of the Steering Committee, reads, in part:

Resolution Text

"It is the sense of this assembly that whereas the owner of the University Drug Store has chosen to apply his resources to the destruction of the Commune at Ojo de Casa, New Mexico . . . and whereas the Ojo de Casa commune resides on territory covered under the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo, which treaty requires residence on the territory to control the property; and whereas the owner of the University Drug Store does neither own nor live on the property, . . . therefore we the members of SDS call on the students, faculty, and administration of the UNM to boycott the University Drug Store and refuse it their patronage until the owner withdraws his attack on the commune."

In other action, plans were made for the opening of a bookstore to compete with what were described as "robber barons" in the Associated Students Bookstore in the Union.

A committee was formed to arrange leaflet distribution, broadcasts over KUNM, and publicity in The Lobo. Plans for obtaining a wholesale registration number from Santa Fe were initiated, and preparations for appealing to the students to donate their used books to the new bookstore, which might be located at the Grasshopper Bookstore on Yale, according to Mike Colvin.

All money gained in the sale of books, said Colvin, would go to the purchase of more books.

SDS participation in labor issues was also discussed and a tentative plan of action laid out.

Strike

Mike Casey, who has been trying to establish co-operation between SDS and the UNM Physical Plant Workers Union, outlined a proposal in support of a Plant Workers' strike by collecting information on the average wage of unskilled workers in the Southwest.

Casey also suggested organizing support among students in the dormitories and opening a massive publicity campaign.

SDS and the Student Organizing Committee (SOC) agreed to work together on "building a sense of community" and informing "denizens" of Yale Park of their rights, according to Colvin.

Colvin proposed taking food to Yale Park to feed the people there who sometimes are there for only a few days or a week at a time and never have the chance to find food sources before they move on.

"New Mexico Lobo"
September 23, 1969
p. 1

Black Panther Leader To Talk

Black Panther Minister of defense Bobby Seale, and Bob Mandell will appear in the Union Ballroom Wednesday at 7 p.m.

Mandell was among 250 arrested at a draft demonstration in Oakland, Calif. in October, 1967. One of the "Oakland Seven," Mandell was charged with planning to disrupt the Selective Service. He and six others were acquitted in Oakland in March.

Seale was one of the co-founders of the militant Black Panthers. Seale, Bobby Hutton, and Huey Newton started the group, Hutton is dead, and Newton is currently serving a prison term in California.

Acting UNM SDS chairman Mike Colvin said the purpose of Seale and Mandell's visit is "not necessarily to speak to the entire student body, but to get together with radical student groups and help them in any way."

"New Mexico Lobo"
May 6, 1969
p. 2

Law Is Invalid, Says Judge

Court Decision Affects Six Student Demonstrators

charges which brought against six students for "wrongful use of public property" were dismissed yesterday by Judge Robert Reidy of the Albuquerque District Court.

Reidy issued a statement listing three reasons for the dismissal of the charges including the fact that the law is unconstitutional because it inhibits free speech as stated under the First Amendment in the Bill of Rights.

Reidy also said the law is too vague because a person will not know in advance what he is being charged with.

The third reason, Reidy said, is the legislative branch has delegated to the executive branch (the courts) power without setting any standards for what is a crime.

The six students were part of a group of students who marched on President Ferrel Heady's house on Thursday, April 10, to ask for Heady's resignation.

When Heady did not come out of his house all the students left but the six. The six included four boys, Michael Colvin, Richard Nichols, Brad Eisenbrey, and Robert Goutelet, and two girls, Jan Gilden and Donna LaRue.

The police then arrested the six students for "wrongful use of public property."

The Bill is still legally binding in other districts.

The Bill provides that any person who remains on public property after having been requested to leave by the custodian of the property, who has determined the property is being used contrary to its intended or customary use, is guilty of a crime.

The students were taken to jail and given a hearing the next morning. Within a week the students presented their brief in Albuquerque District Court before Reidy.

"New Mexico Lobo"
April 29, 1969
p. 1

A committee to introduce a "concrete proposal" to alter the Associated Students Bookstore to a non-profit operation was [illegible] by Senate last night as a substitute for an SDS sponsored proposal for a student run book cooperative.

The Senate also allocated $3000 to the Albuquerque Educational Advancement Project, and appointed the entire UNM branch of the law students civil rights research council as ASUNM draft counselor.

The Senate established a committee to study the bookstore operation after an informal "fact-finding" forum. Representatives of SDS, Associated Student Bookstore Manager Sy Jackson, and Union Director Kirby Krbec, and Vice-President for Student Affairs Harold Lavendar answered senators' questions.

The committee formed by Senate's action consists of one SDS member, one member of Union Board, one ASUNM Senator, John Perovitch, vice president for business and research, Jackson, and Joe Pashing, teaching assistant in the sociology department. It is to "present concrete proposals for the conversion of the current bookstore to a non-profit student co-operative, with a timetable, to Senate at the earliest possible date."

One of the SDS sponsors of the original measure, Mike Colvin, said, "We would just as soon see this bookstore as a different operation, as set up another operation."

The questions of how to make up the deficit in the Union operational budget now covered by profits from the bookstore,

(Continued on page 3)

(Continued from page 1)

and the amount of capital necessary to make a student co-operative bookstore feasible.

The allocation to the Advancement Project is the initial capital to establish a storefront counseling and information operation in the area of Albuquerque High School. The $3000 will be the only money available to the project until a federal grant is applied for in January, said Senator Frank Lihn, one of the sponsors of the bill.

"This Proposal is a substitute for the breakfast program planned earlier," said Ron Curry, ASUNM president. "I feel this program will allow UNM students to participate more directly in the program, and will be of more benefit to the students involved."

"New Mexico Lobo"
November 13, 1969
pg. 1, 3

The Co-op can, however, provide some relief. Textbooks for these classes would be acquired in a number of different ways. The Co-op would accept gratefully any donations of books that people would be willing to give. The Co-op would pay a fair 50 percent of the original purchase price for all used books regardless of condition, to be sold on a first come, first served basis. In addition, the Co-op would purchase a few new books to be sold at less than the list price.

The standard mark-up from the publisher's price to list price is 20 percent. When there is no need to make a profit, there is no need to sell a book at its list price. All staffing of the Co-op would be on a voluntary basis.

The main thrust of the Co-op would not be the sale of textbooks, however. Supplying textbooks on a large scale is a hassle. It requires constant reordering and waiting and typing up of capital. The Co-op would concentrate its efforts on the sale of paperbacks and periodicals. The ASUNM Bookstore simply does not have the space or the inclination to offer a wide variety of paperback titles that a university bookstore should have.

According to the national standard, a university bookstore ought to have four square feet of floor space for each student. That would mean the ASUNM Bookstore should have 58,400 square feet of floor area. It has only 13,000.

Nowhere on campus is a wide variety of good periodicals sold. The Information is the only place now selling any periodicals at all, and their selection is highly limited.

The real tragedy is that if facilities at UNM were adequate, and were doing the kind of job they should be doing, a Co-op Bookstore would be unnecessary. To this end SDS pledges itself to the following structural changes in the operation of the New Mexico Union and the ASUNM Bookstore:

1) That the ASUNM Bookstore be given over by the University into the direct control by the student body under the Student Senate, so that it becomes a truly student operated co-operative enterprise.

2) That Student Senate and the Union Board seek other ways of financing the operation of the New Mexico Union, through a cut in their own expenses and a modest raise in student fees, if necessary.

3) That the ASUNM Bookstore immediately reduce its prices by at least 10% or whatever amount above that necessary to bring it into the category of a non-profit enterprise. As soon as this measure is taken, the Student Co-op Bookstore would immediately stop selling textbooks, and would devote its energies to other services.

Berna

Berna is unsolicited, signed guest editorial opinion.

By MIKE COLVIN

This evening the Student Senate will be meeting in a Committee of the Whole to discuss a bill brought before it by SDS to establish a Students Co-operative Bookstore. This Co-op is being created in order to help students escape the incredible expense of purchasing books for their education.

Books are an indispensable item in the educational process, and therefore they can become a focal point for the accidental (but sometimes intentional) economic exploitation of students. This exploitation becomes exceedingly problematic when a single bookstore holds a monopolistic interest in the sale of books for a given campus, especially when such a bookstore must make a margin of profit.

There are many campuses which have bookstores owned and operated by the student government as a co-operative enterprise for the benefit of the students. At UNM the bookstore is owned and operated at a profit by the University itself.

We would like to make it clear from the outset that SDS understands the burden placed upon the bookstore on this campus. Under the present circumstances the bookstore must make a profit, because its profits pay the deficit created by the operation of the Union. Yes, friends, it is true the New Mexico Union runs at a loss, and the Bookstore pays for it. Those of us in SDS had always believed that story had been created as some kind of huge rationalization for the greedy profit grubbers who have raped the students for centuries. And then we saw a copy of the University's financial report.

The truth was stranger than the fiction.

The cost of sales of the bookstore for the year ending June 30, 1968 (the latest figures available), amounted to $989,076.51. Their sales income was $1,321,647.98 for the same period. This represents an average mark-up of 34% on all sales. The Bookstore's total expenditures during that period were $1,195,424.60. Its net income was $130,917.36. These figures represent a net profit for the bookstore of 11 percent. These monies were paid into the University general fund and then channeled back into the New Mexico Union to pay their deficit. For the year ending June 30, 1968, that deficit stood at $158,654.26. It is obvious that even the bookstore's profits could not adequately handle that loss.

We know of no other University which allows the bookstore to pay for the Student Union. We do not know who devised this remarkable system, but SDS considers it deplorable. At other universities such expenses are covered by student fees, and we think that UNM could do the same. Were it to become policy that student fees would be used to offset the cost of the Union, it is not necessarily true that these fees would have to be increased substantially.

There are areas of inefficiency in the operation of the Union. $11,200 are spent annually to pay rent on the bowling alleys, which are so little used that their existence is hardly justifiable. Student Senate itself pays for athletic programs which should rightfully be paid for by the athletic department. We are not sure how much could be saved by eliminating these useless expenditures, but the amount must be considerable.

What is most important, however, is that the cost of running the Union would be shared equally by all students, and the profits from the bookstore could be passed on to the student body in the form of a corresponding discount percentage on books and supplies. Such a measure would prevent the burden of paying for the Union from falling upon those who are unfortunate enough to have the largest book bills.

So what about the proposal for a Student Co-operative Bookstore? The Co-op Bookstore would attempt to provide textbooks for a limited number of larger classes, such as Sociology 101, Psychology 101, Anthropology 101, etc. It is not feasible to provide textbooks for all classes simply because the Co-op will not have sufficient capital to engage in the purchase of such a large number of books.

"New Mexico Lobo"
November 12, 1969
p. 2

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) last night drafted a bill asking Student Senate to start a students' cooperative bookstore. The bill will be presented to Senate Wednesday night.

An appeal for public acceptance and a request for funds for starting the store are included in the bill.

The money will be used to buy the first supplies of the new bookstore. At first only stationery (looseleaf paper and notebooks) will be sold.

In other action, a resolution was adopted in which SDS gave its support to a proposed boycott of the Country Barn take-out restaurant by residents of Yale Park.

Bill Golembeski, a frequenter of Yale Park, told the meeting the management of the Country Barn was harassing the customers with long hair by "kicking them out" of the restaurant.

Steering Committee member Mike Colvin suggested SDS help the boycott by printing leaflets for the Yale park frequenters and by having SDS members participate in the boycott.

SDS also gave its endorsement to the Oct. 15 Vietnam Moratorium march through downtown Albuquerque.

Dave McCormick, a Steering Committee member, proposed a committee be formed to compile a complete documentation of United States involvement in Vietnam to be printed in a short pamphlet for distribution among UNM students prior to the march.

Mike Colvin proposed the establishment of a guerrilla theater to march with SDS under a National Liberation Front (NLF— banner and the American flag.

SDS member Mike Casey gave a short progress report on an SDS project to use food the dormitory kitchens allegedly wastes. This food will be re-distributed among the people in Yale Park.

Casey said he had gained the unanimous approval of the Newman Center in this project. Other religious organizations have endorsed the proposal too, said Casey.

"New Mexico Lobo"
October 7, 1969
p. 1

"New Mexico Lobo"
September 30, 1969
p. 2

The newly-formed Tenants' Union will meet tonight at 8 at 320 Cornell SE, SDS Chairman Terry Toomey announced last night. The Union is being formed in response to "high rents, excessive disrepairs, and marked evidence of discriminatory practices" on the part of some Albuquerque landlords renting to UNM students, said Toomey.

Mark Colvin, currently directing canvassing operations in the city, said the movement is being met with a "warm response" by students.

A local attorney has agreed to discuss legal possibilities with the group.

In other action last night, SDS gave the bookstore committee a mandate to prepare a bill requesting funds and facilities to be presented to the Student Senate next week, and formed a new committee to conduct research into the "social, economic and political conditions of New Mexico."

An Education Committee was elected to handle mass and internal education. One of the first tasks confronting the committee will be "to educate members on U.S. involvement in Vietnam and around the world in preparation for meaningful participation in Vietnam Moratorium Day activities." A Moratorium policy statement, which will be released later this week, was adopted unanimously.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR(41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 12/23/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, dated 9/25/69.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

[redacted]

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

In the early part of November, 1969, the Student Organizing Committee (SOC) began selling food on the mall of the Student Union Building at UNM in an effort to raise money allegedly to supplement the salaries of the "underpaid" Physical Plant workers. On the theory that the creation of a minor squabble would keep the members of SOC preoccupied and limit the opportunity for them to engage in activities on a more grandiose scale, the Albuquerque Office [redacted]

As a result of this, the Environmental Health Service investigated on the theory that any food offered for sale must be prepared in a place where conditions meet health standards. SOC members publicly stated they would continue to sell on the mall despite warnings from the Environmental Health Service and even though the sale may violate city food ordinances. Sides were chosen and much

FIELD OFFICES
SLIP(S) OF CLIPPING ATTACHED BY ROUTING
DATE 6/27/77

CLASSIFIED BY 2040
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
6/27/77

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM/dak
(3)

REC-95

22 DEC 29 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

energy was devoted to the preparation of speeches on the mall and the submission of letters to the "New Mexico Lobo," the campus publication. To date the matter has not been fully resolved, but recently (12/16/69) the SOC published an announcement in the "Lobo" that their food was being inspected and although there have been no food sales recently, food sales will resume after the Christmas vacation.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

As a result of increased liaison with UNM campus police, the private automobile of [redacted], one of the more active leaders of the UNM dissidents, was caused to be towed off the campus because it was illegally parked and had previously received twelve traffic violation citations.

By letter dated October 1, 1969, the Bureau granted authority to furnish [redacted] Santa Fe, New Mexico, public source information regarding [redacted] to assist Governor DAVID F. CARGO in deciding whether or not to appoint [redacted] to the Governor's Committee on Air and Water Pollution. As a result, the material was furnished to [redacted] with the admonition that the Bureau's interest was to be kept in the strictest confidence. On November 18, 1969, [redacted] expressed gratitude for the assistance which had been rendered to him which he stated enabled the Governor to make the correct decision regarding [redacted] stated the Governor had decided against hiring [redacted]

Despite the considerable citizen reaction to the hiring of [redacted] as a grade school teacher in Los Lunas, New Mexico, school authorities have not taken any action to discharge her. At this point there is no reason to believe that any further action will be taken and it can only be presumed, while the anonymous mailings called attention to the situation, no tangible result occurred.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) CONFIDENTIAL DATE: 9/25/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, dated 6/27/69.

The following information is submitted in accordance with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

[redacted]

-C-

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

By letter dated 8/22/69, the Bureau authorized anonymous mailings to appropriate personnel of material concerning [redacted], who had obtained a position as a grade school teacher in Los Lunas, New Mexico. This mailing has been accomplished, but the actual results are still pending. Information from sources in the Los Lunas area indicates there is considerable citizen reaction to the hiring of [redacted] but the school authorities have not yet taken any action to discharge her.

ST-109

REC-8

2040

2 - Bureau (FM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM/dak
(3)

CLASSIFIED BY
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

15 SEP 30 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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DVT. SEC.

AQ 105-1677

By letter dated 9/19/69, the Albuquerque Division has requested Bureau authority to furnish certain public source material concerning [redacted], along with a copy of the brochure issued [redacted] Mexico Free University" to [redacted], Santa Fe, New Mexico. This action was requested in view of [redacted]'s questionable background and activities and his attempts to be appointed to the Governor's Technical Advisory Committee on Air and Water Pollution.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

By letter dated 8/5/69, the Bureau granted authority for Albuquerque to anonymously distribute copies of a speech by [redacted] to University administrative personnel and to members of the New Mexico State Legislature. These pamphlets were recently received by Albuquerque through use of the confidential Post Office box and appropriate dissemination has been made. Concrete results are not available for mailings of this nature, but it is felt they will have some impact since the legislative committee investigating universities in the State of New Mexico is still in the process of compiling their report and since the school year has just begun.

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 10/1/69

Director, FBI (100-449698) 62-15 1 - [redacted]

REC-122

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reurlet 9/19/69

Authority is granted to furnish [redacted] with copies of the material submitted as an enclosure to relet.

On the occasion of your contact with him, you should impress upon [redacted] the fact that the Bureau's interest in this matter is to be kept in the strictest confidence.

RHH:jes
(4)

NOTE:

[redacted] has recently led a successful fight as the [redacted] As a result of this success, he is being considered for an appointment to [redacted] has been affiliated with the New Left and with the Albuquerque Movement for a Democratic Society, which is affiliated with Students for a Democratic Society (SDS). This is of concern to [redacted] who has requested Albuquerque Office to furnish him some public source material which he can furnish the Governor, thereby precluding [redacted]. In relet, Albuquerque requests authority to furnish [redacted] with public source material identifying [redacted] affiliation with the New Left and the Albuquerque Movement for a Democratic Society.

Tolson
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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 9/19/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) -P-

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to the report of SA [redacted] 4/30/69 at Albuquerque, captioned "[redacted], SM - SDS".

Subsequent to the submission of referenced report, considerable controversy has developed in the Albuquerque area over the proposal of a paper manufacturing company to establish a paper mill between Albuquerque and Santa Fe, New Mexico. During the course of this controversy, [redacted] emerged as [redacted]

Recently the company which proposed to construct the mill announced that it had decided to locate another site outside New Mexico, so the [redacted] will probably disband in the near future.

On 9/3/69 [redacted] visited the Albuquerque Office. [redacted] advised that [redacted] of Los Alamos, New Mexico, who was active with [redacted] in organizing the [redacted] has been attempting to have [redacted]

[redacted] stated that he was opposed to this because he had been advised by his superiors that [redacted] has a background of subversive activity and that he was concerned that this would reflect unfavorably on the Governor's Committee, should it become public knowledge.

On 9/15/69, [redacted] Santa Fe, NM, contacted the Santa Fe RA and furnished essentially the same information. [redacted] requested that, if

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ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

3 SEP 24 1969

INTSEC.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

AQ 105-1677

possible, he be furnished any public source information regarding [redacted] to assist Governor DAVID F. CARGO in deciding whether or not to appoint [redacted] assured SRA [redacted] that the identity of the Bureau as the source of any such information would be maintained in the strictest confidence. Agents of the Santa Fe RA have dealt regularly with [redacted] for the past several years, and have always found him completely reliable, trustworthy and discreet.

The Bureau is requested to authorize Albuquerque to furnish [redacted] copies of the attached public source material regarding [redacted], along with a copy of the brochure issued by the "New Mexico Free University", a copy of which was forwarded to the Bureau as an enclosure to Albuquerque letter dated 3/5/69, captioned as above.

If the Bureau approves, it would be emphasized to [redacted] when he is furnished this material, that this Bureau, under no circumstances, is to be identified as the source.

COURTS AND LAWS

Larry Lack, whom many of you will remember as "Our Founder" or "outside agitator", was arrested in June for failing to report for induction more than a year earlier. He was directed to go to Baltimore in June for trial. He is still there, still awaiting trial, doing Resistance things in the meanwhile. His lawyer hinted about the Supreme Court, so he is apparently in good hands. Good Luck, Larry!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * *

In August Derek Shannon and John Eades were arrested by Albuquerque city cops near a gate of Kirtland AFB for distributing "obscene" literature. They were handing out Vietnam GI's, a newspaper printed by veterans for GI's, so it naturally speaks their language. The court case, with Dan McKinnon as defense attorney, was dismissed.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * *

The two federal judges in the Albuquerque district are Vearle Payne and Howard Bratton. Payne heard two induction refusal cases early this year. Both men were Jehovah's Witnesses. He sentenced the first to one year in prison and the second to six months. (Maximum penalty for Selective Service violations is five years in prison and $10,000 fine.) Bratton presided over a case recently and sentenced the man to four years in prison with three and a half years of the sentence suspended! Apparently all of the men have been sent to Safford, Arizona, a minimum security federal prison.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * *

Public induction refusals are becoming popular at the Albuquerque Induction Center, which serves most of New Mexico and parts of eastern Arizona and southern Colorado.

Graham Mark of Los Alamos attempted to refuse on October 24, but was given a medical exemption instead. John Fimple of Albuquerque tried to refuse on November 4, but was delayed by psychiatric examinations and then he got a IV-F for being too skinny. Charlie Pacheco, also of Los Alamos, actually refused induction on November 7! He was not harassed or threatened at the induction center, but treated nicely. He went home at 4pm. The next move is the Government's.

PRINTING PRESS

The movement in Albuquerque is is getting a printing press. An old photo-offset costing $600, but more will be needed to cover moving expenses and supplies to get it running (extravagant donations accepted with glee). A committee will be set up with representatives of all the groups who are interested in using the press. They will work out the details of operating the press. The press is for use by all peace and movement groups at enough over cost to cover supplies and upkeep of the machine. For more information call Joff Smedberg or Peter Montague.

ORGANIZATION

What type of organization is the New Mexico Resistance? For better or worse we are not organized. That is, we are not established as an anti-establishment establishment. In a hectic manner our business is conducted in a personal anarchistic manner--a reflection of the "doers" state of mind. Do you sometimes wonder what we are doin, planning, dreaming? We do too. Are you put off by our lack of professional business style expertise? We're not. But for those of you who desire to DO SOMETHING and are depending on headquarters for direction, we must be disappointing. We would like to assume that people can do their own resistance thing without requiring direction. For people who cannot, that is what resistance is all about.

How do you feel? Call or visit us. I'm sure we have overlooked many people and talents, but aren't we all in this together? There is much room for individual effort and life style. Contrary to popular misconception, Jeff Smedberg is not The Resistance, and I repeat: we are not an establishment.

A CONSTRUCTIVE SUGGESTION FROM HEADQUARTERS: People could figure out better what to do if they knew what was happening. We would like to set up a telephone chain of communication. If you are willing to occasionally call 10 or 15 people, let us know at 898-1798.

by Bob Liebershal

(ps: I have spent a lot of time with Resistance groups in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. They have much organization, but unfortunately, little life.)

FINANCES

Contributions to The NM Resistance since the beginning of last summer have been largely from outside of our community. We received $593.50 from the profit of the Joan Baez concert last May at U. $300. from the (national) Resistance (pl

To the People

NOVEMBER 9, 1968

November 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14

ANOTHER NEWSLETTER FROM
THE NEW MEXICO RESISTANCE

If you have any draft cards cluttering up your pockets, or if you want to be a non-cold carrying member of The Resistance, keep the date of November 14 in mind. That day was chosen at the national Resistance Conference in Wisconsin last May as a National draft card turn-in date. There was a division at the Conference between those who felt that draft card turn-ins are the best way to expand the Resistance and those who felt that card turn-ins are meaningless. For those who want to make the act, however, turning in one's draft card is a powerful, symbolic act of severing one's ties with the Selective Service System. There will probably not be many guys in New Mexico who will want to get rid of their cards, but some action on November 14 can be important to publicize the Resistance and get people used to the idea that war resisters exist and will be supported, even in spite of Nixon.

ALBUQUERQUE

In Albuquerque on the 14th a combination demonstration and circus is planned. It will begin as a traditional demonstration at the Albuquerque Induction center, 4th and Gold streets SW, around 10am and will then move to Roosevelt Park (across from the 1600 block of CoalSE) at noon. At the park the demonstration will turn into a picnic (bring some food) with assorted music and guerilla theatre activities. More specific plans for this "celebration of life" might be made at the Wednesday night pot-luck dinner. Call 898-1798 for details.

LOS ALAMOS

On Thursday a demonstration will begin at 3pm in the drug store parking lot across from the high school. Then the group will move downtown.

DRAFT COUNSELING

How can you be counseled? Let me count the ways. 1, 2, 3, 3½.

Albuquerque: Friends Meeting House, 815 Girard NE, Tuesdays from 1:30 to 5pm, Wednesdays from 6 to 8pm, or call 898-1703.

Santa Fe: Friends Meeting House, 630 Canyon Rd., Wednesdays from 8 to 10pm, or contact Lilli Matthews, 982-1609.

Los Alamos: Contact Rev. Richard Kelley at the Unitarian Church, 662-2345.

The half is the Associated Students sponsored draft counselor which, according to the UNM Lobo, will be in operation in early December. Terry Calvani, chairman of the Draft counseling Committee is taking applications for the position of counselor. The counseling program on campus grew out of a proposal for a student government sponsored draft counselor submitted to the student government by The New Mexico Resistance.

The draft counseling has encountered some harassment. The owner of the Yale Street Grasshopper finally asked us to move our counseling out of his bookstore at the end of the summer because the amount of harassment and number of visits by the FBI and the city Vice and Intelligence squad he received became unbearable. He has been left alone since we moved. The Santa Fe counseling sessions were first held in the Washington Street Bookstore, but had to move out soon because the landlord who owned the building that the bookstore is in demanded that the draft counseling stop, which he called unpatriotic.

In October a draft counselor's training session was held at the Friend's Meeting House in Albuquerque.

...ent also students ... members, meeting ... Union Bldg. ... discussed ways and ... ging efforts to ... pressure for ... the ... -NKORC

... raised from ... striking over ... ing their support to ... endorsement ... exact what activity should con- ...

... the activities ... gathering of ... and players. The ... Committee ... Emancipation Hand"—to ... the administration ... at 2 p.m. today.

... students were asked to ... drums, "kazoos, ... washboards or ... instruments you can ... Also the "serenade," ... call for the troops to ... Little Zimmerman ... to play for the Naval ...

It was emphasized that legal ... has been obtained ... duty demonstrations. The ... for Monday night's meeting ... was scheduled by student government.

Also called is an "ad hoc" meeting of the faculty for 8 p.m. tonight to discuss the suspensions.

THE SUSPENDED students are Allen P. Cooper, Manuel Wright and Larry Russell. They were suspended after a lengthy hearing before the Student Standard Committee, which ruled they interfered with the educational processes of the university.

... occurred ... recommended ... be ... The ... have written in which ... [illegible]

... Perez Hendy, but they have not done so as yet.

Among the speakers at the meeting Monday were Prof. Roger Anderson, who discussed a resolution asking that the Student Supreme Court be made the ultimate court of appeals for student disciplinary actions; Steve Van Dresser, president pro tem of the Student Senate, who read a letter he had sent to the administration asking that his name be added to the "complicity statement" in which numerous other students said they were engaging in the same activities as the suspended students on Oct. 22;

John Walker of the American Civil Liberties Union, who backed by Prof. Gilbert Merkx, urged legal action; Peter Montague, a graduate student, who said that students and faculty "are angry" over the suspensions and will not be pacified," and William Higgs, sometimes attorney for Reies Tijerina, who stressed that the matter should not be dropped.

About 20 persons who signed a complicity statement implicating themselves in a demonstration against the NROTC on Oct. 22 decided last night to send a copy of the statement to the administration, Student Standards, and some faculty members.

Peter Montague, a spokesman for the group, suggested a copy of the statement be given to Student Standards "just before they meet" to consider the case of three students suspended for their part in the demonstration.

Statement to Lavender

A member of the group, Bill Turner also suggested giving a copy to Vice President for Student Affairs Harold Lavender before Student Standards meets because, he said, "If they get a cover letter from the Dean, they will have no qualms about giving the same punishment to 100 students as they do to only three."

The three students who were suspended by the Administration were subsequently reinstated by the same authority. Action by the Student Standards Committee is currently pending on this case.

The complicity statement group also plans to give a copy of the statement to several faculty members "and have them prosecute us," said Montague.

Signed by 87 Persons

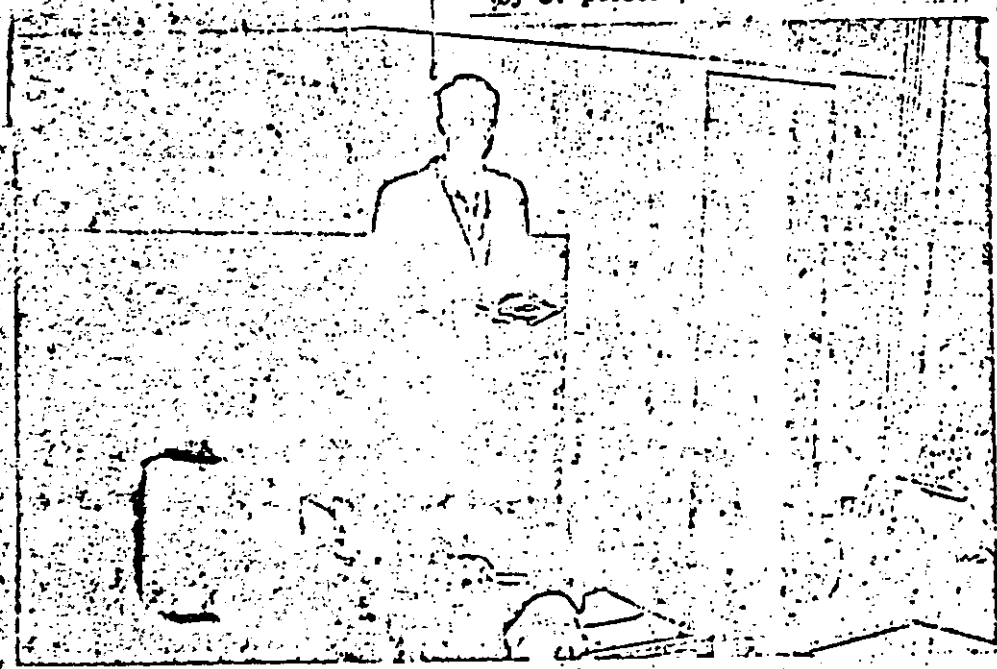
The complicity statement signed by 87 persons, reads in part:

"The recent suspensions of three UNM students for participating in a 'watch-in' was unwarranted. The university administration did not follow the procedures they themselves had established and the extreme punishment did not match the circumstances or spirit of the event."

"We the undersigned, do hereby identify ourselves and declare that we too are as 'guilty' of the charges as the three students selected for suspension. If you are to suspend those three, then you must suspend all of us. Your failure to do so will be an admission of your true motives and that the charges should therefore be dropped."

Want to be Identified

The 87 persons signed the complicity statement because the administration said in a story published in the "Albuquerque Journal" on Oct. 25 that the reason only three students were suspended was that they were "the only ones identified with certainity," members of the group said.



Lobo photo by Tony Louderbough

Complicity Statements — Peter Montague, spokesman for the students who signed complicity statements in support of the three students who were suspended for their parts in the NROTC "Watch-in," [illegible] meeting last night.

Free University Organizes Here

There will be an organizational meeting of Free University in the home of Peter Montague, 8015 Mackland N.E., Thursday Oct. 24 at 8 p.m.

The Free University sponsors are attempting to set up college-like classes outside the jorisdiction of UNM in an effort to get all residents of the community to participate in a learning experience.

No classes are expected to be set up until Jan., 1969, but the groundwork has begun, and more help is needed.

For further information, interested persons may call Montague at 268-1003.

With SDS

Community Group Active

By DAVID LITSON
Staff Writer

[illegible]'s Movement for a Democratic Society (MDS), formed over Christmas vacation, recently applied for a charter with the national office of Student's for a Democratic Society (SDS).

The MDS feels that the connection with SDS will mean added prestige and bring more attention to the group's activities.

Peter Montague, one of the organizers of the group, said, "We're a community group, not a university group. There are university people involved, but we like to think of ourselves as a community organization."

Jim Kennedy, another member, said, "We felt the need for an off-campus Anglo organization. We feel we can relate to middle class Anglo people who feel the need to associate with a radical group. I say Anglo, for other groups have succeeded in organization of other races.

"Our main goal is whether or not our educational system provides a vehicle to move people into some sort of political activity," said Kennedy. "We have to develop political feelings in a definite manner which means long, hard hours of work in organization."

Other goals of the group are still in the planning stage. They will be announced by the MDS in the future.

The MDS meets once every two weeks, and they divide their time into three sections: educational, workshop committees, and private groups doing research.

"Once a group has settled on a decision," said Kennedy, "they may not differ from it in public. In private it's their own business, but in public the group decision must be abided by."

Kennedy said that meetings now are closed and people can be involved by invitation only. "In the future," he said, "we see the public coming to these sessions, but not while we are trying to get organized. However, members of the SDS have a standing invitation to attend."

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 8/22/69

REC 4

Director, FBI (100-449698) 62 - 14 1 - [redacted]

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

X-102

Reurlet 8/15/69.

Authority is granted to anonymously mail copies of the material enclosed with relet. You are also authorized to include the brochure issued by the New Mexico Free University.

Make certain that this material cannot be traced to the Bureau. Advise the Bureau of any results obtained by this action.

BAW:jes
(4)

NOTE:

[redacted] the wife of [redacted] graduated from the University of New Mexico in June, 1969. She has obtained the job as a schoolteacher [redacted] New Mexico. [redacted] has been active in student agitation and has been a member of the Communist Party, the W. E. B. DuBois Clubs of America, and SDS. [redacted] has also been active in student disruptions and has publicly described herself as entirely in sympathy with her husband's actions.

AQ proposes to anonymously mail to school authorities at Los Lunas newspaper clippings showing the militant and subversive nature of [redacted] and her husband. This could have the effect of causing her to lose her teaching position. She also taught at the [redacted]. Her name is listed in a brochure issued by that school as a teacher. This will be enclosed with the newspaper clippings.

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

51

MAILED 19
AUG 22 1969
COMM-FBI

AUG 28 1969

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 8/15/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) P

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Information has recently been received from [redacted] that [redacted] (Bufile 100-442280) has obtained a job as a grade school teacher in [redacted] NM, a small community approximately [redacted] is an SI subject of the Albuquerque Office, as is her husband, [redacted] graduated from the University of New Mexico (UNM) in June, 1969, and was unsuccessful in attempting to obtain a teaching position in the Albuquerque Public Schools System.

Albuquerque requests Bureau authority to furnish anonymously by mail copies of the enclosed clippings from the "Albuquerque Journal," a daily newspaper published in Albuquerque, New Mexico, and the "New Mexico Lobo," a student newspaper published at UNM, as well as a copy of the brochure issued by the New Mexico Free University which lists the subject as teaching one of the courses. A copy of this brochure was forwarded to the Bureau as an enclosure to Albuquerque letter dated 3/5/69, captioned as above.

It is believed that school authorities in Los Lunas, NM, are unaware of [redacted] background and it is felt that with the information available in the suggested newspaper clippings and the New Mexico Free University brochure, they could very well reconsider their decision to offer her a job teaching in the Los Lunas Public Schools System.

In view of the fact that schools in New Mexico will be opened 9/2/69, the Bureau is requested to afford this matter expeditious attention.

If approved, this material will be mailed at Los Lunas, NM, to further protect the Bureau.

2 - Bureau (Enc. 5) (RM)
3 - Albuquerque
(1 - 100-3088)
JFC/mcc
(5)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1 - Mr. [illegible] Border

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677)

5-5-69

BT-105

Director, FBI (100-449698) 6213

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

ReAlet 7-17-69.

Authority is granted to anonymously distribute copies of the speech of Walter W. Kacy to university administrative personnel and to members of the New Mexico State Legislature. It is not felt that significant benefit would accrue from mailing copies of this pamphlet to patriotic groups in the Albuquerque area.

In making these mailings, you are to take all necessary steps to protect the identity of the Bureau as their sources.

It is not felt that it is necessary for the Washington Field Office to obtain copies of this pamphlet for your use since you should be able to obtain them just as easily by using your confidential Post Office box.

1 - WFO (Information)

RHH:bjp
(5)

NOTE:

By relet Albuquerque submitted a copy of a speech given by Mr. Kacy who is President of Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company which is entitled "Wake Up America." In his speech Kacy points out the need for responsible Americans to awaken to the dangers of the New Left and to take action. Albuquerque suggested WFO obtain copies of the speech and forward them to Albuquerque who would distribute them anonymously to university administrative personnel, leaders of patriotic groups and members of the New Mexico Legislature.

FBI - ALBUQUERQUE
AUG 4 1969
COMM-FBI

56 AUG 11 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 7/17/69

FROM: SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) -P-

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Enclosed for the Bureau are two Xerox copies of a pamphlet entitled "Wake Up, America", which is a written form of a speech made by HOWARD W. KACY, President, Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co.

It is believed that the contents of this pamphlet would be of interest to University administrative personnel, leaders of patriotic groups and certain members of New Mexico Legislature who have expressed concern about the colleges in New Mexico.

Bureau authority is therefore requested to obtain copies of the pamphlet and anonymously distribute the above item as indicated.

It is noted that copies are available from the Department of Public Relations, Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co., Washington, D. C. 20001. In the event the Bureau approves, the distribution of this item as requested, WFO is requested to obtain 50 copies of this pamphlet and send them to Albuquerque. If WFO does this through the use of a third person, it is believed the anonymous distribution will be protected.

(2) - Bureau (RM)
1 - WFO (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM/bjc
(4)

EX-111

REC-84 100-449698-62-13

22 JUL 22 1969

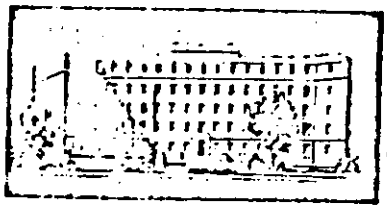
Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Extra copies are available. Write to:
Department of Public Relations
Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Washington, D. C. 20001

Wake Up, AMERICA!

An address by
HOWARD W. KACY
President
Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co.
Washington, D. C.
At a joint meeting of the
LIONS AND ROTARY CLUBS
of College Park, Maryland

Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company



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F-899 1-67

COPIES DESTROYED
842 JUN 4 1971

Wake Up, AMERICA!

Things are happening throughout our land which greatly disturb me—things which I feel must also be of real concern to every citizen. On every hand there are signs that the moral strength of our nation is decreasing alarmingly. The principles upon which our country was founded are being eroded slowly but surely. We are substituting materialistic values for spiritual ones—the old moral standards of what is right and what's wrong are being discarded and, in their stead, we are establishing codes of ethics that, if followed, can only render us impotent as a people and as a nation.

When I selected *"WAKE UP, AMERICA,"* as the title of my talk, there were fresh in my mind the riots that took place in Ohio, in New York, in Missouri, in Iowa, in Wyoming. However, these riots, unlike the ones which took place in Los Angeles, in Chicago, in Springfield, Massachusetts, did not have racial overtones. What they all had in common, however, was a disregard—yes, even a hate—for law and order. All of them were grim, unhappy examples of the present moral climate in our nation.

The situation is getting worse, and yet, too many Americans are still emulating Rip Van Winkle. Unless we can find a way to wake them up, there might be no stopping the downward course of America.

Clubs, like yours, are a force for good in our business and community life, and today more than ever before, there is a crying need for this force.

Even though some of us recognize that our nation is headed in the wrong direction, we are living in a dream world waiting for someone else to do what is necessary to get America back on the right road again. Seemingly, we don't want to become involved or else we justify our lack of action by saying:

"It can't happen here," or
"That's just teenagers letting off steam," or
"Times are changing, you've got to expect things like that," or
"It's the Government's problem—I'm not going to worry about it."

Yes, those statements, and many more like them, can be heard every day from the man next door, from the fellow who works with you in the office, from county, state and national politicians, from pulpits, from reporters, from editors, from college professors, from friends and relatives—from just about every level of society.

Somehow, someway, an epidemic of sleeping sickness has struck our nation. Upon those who have been fortunate enough to thus far escape the disease rests the responsibility of finding a solution before it is too late. If we are to turn the tide, each one of us must shout over and over again to all who will listen—"It *can* happen here!"—"It *is* happening here!" In fact, in Los Angeles it happened right before our eyes, thanks to television.

Like Sodom and Gomorrah—like Rome—America is rotting from within. Immorality is flourishing and pre-marital sex is being condoned even from the pulpits; juvenile delinquency is on the rise and disregard for law and order has been given a cloak of respectability; pornography is accepted and even preferred in our literature, in our movies and in our stage shows; our courts continue to find technicalities whereby vicious criminals, known to be guilty, are turned loose to prey again and again on society—why just recently the Washington police arrested a man caught in the act of raping a 24 year old waitress. This man had, on two other occasions, within the previous six months been charged with the same type of crime. In the first instance the case was dismissed because the victim *committed* suicide rather than go through the ordeal of the trial. The second case was dismissed by the trial court on the technical grounds that the police made an illegal search because of their failure to first obtain a search warrant.

Listen, Gentlemen, we are going to have to wake up before it is too late—we are going to have to effect some drastic changes in our present way of life—changes in our behavior patterns, changes in our thought processes, changes in our moral values.

Jenkin Lloyd Jones, the distinguished editor of The Tulsa Tribune, made a statement which should give every person in this room cause for alarm. Speaking of the Communists, he said and I quote, "However much the leaders of the Communist conspiracy may lie to their subjects about our motives, about our conditions of prosperity, about our policies and aims, one thing they themselves believe implicitly—and that is that America is in an advanced state of moral decline."

If these people, who are our mortal enemies, really believe this—and they do—isn't it about time for us to start doing something about it? I believe that America's enemies are making tremendous inroads here on the Home Front and that our nation literally stands today at the crossroads—one road leads upward to Self-Discipline while the other road is all downhill and its ultimate destination is the City of Decay. I believe that we must decide *now* which road we are going to travel and *that* decision will be determined by how strong or how weak we Americans, collectively speaking, really are.

But, "What can I do?" is the question that people invariably ask me and therefore, I would like to make a few specific suggestions for personal action. In so doing I ask that you keep in mind these words by Edward Hale, a former Chaplain of the U. S. Senate. He said:

"I am only one, but I *am* one. I can't do everything, but I *can* do something. And what I *can* do, that I ought to do. And what I *ought* to do, by the grace of God, I *shall* do."

One of the very first things we *all* can do is to make the most of every opportunity that presents itself to help bring self-discipline and decency back into style. If you have youngsters of your own —or are in a position to influence other peoples' youngsters—take the time to try to develop in them a sense of personal responsibility, an understanding of the importance of their maintaining high moral standards, of the need for constant devotion to religious principles and of the necessity for fostering a deep and abiding pride *in* and love *of* country.

Next, you can bring all the pressure at your command to plug up the loopholes in our laws that enable punks to go scot-free not just once but time after time. Let's demand that criminals be treated as criminals—that the hands of our police in bringing criminals to justice not be tied down by unworkable and unreasonable requirements such as the Mallory Rule. Insist that the Juvenile Courts and Parole Boards carefully review the past records of criminals before releasing them to again prey on society. We must adopt a realistic attitude toward these critical problems. We have tried the lenient approach and it has failed.

Just as important, let's support our law enforcement officers. Montana Senator Mike Mansfield recently made this statement on the floor of the Senate:

". . . it appears to me somewhat excessive to expect them (the police) to be not only defenders of the peace and upholders of the law, but also lawyers, sociologists, ministers, social psychologists, judges, first-aid men, and obstetricians. Yet they are not only expected to be, but in fact, often do perform one or more of these functions in an emergency."

Too often the everyday acts of courtesy, help and cooperation which our dedicated law enforcement officers perform for the benefit of the health, safety, welfare and protection of all our citizens are accepted matter-of-factly. Too often we forget that a policeman is our friend and that time and time again he risks life in our behalf. Unfortunately the one bad cop that turns up among literally thousands of good ones becomes the public's symbol for all policemen when in reality he is the exception. I believe that for the good of every community and for the good of our citizens who desire to see law and order prevail throughout our land it is up to all law-abiding people to help improve the policeman's public image by giving to him full and complete support and cooperation.

Likewise, I believe that we must counteract the generally unfounded charges of police brutality which are being leveled with increasing frequency at arresting officers all across the land. The policeman's job is tough enough without having to face brutality charges every time he makes an arrest. It is a fine line between brutality and self-defense. Last year one out of every nine officers was attacked while trying to make an arrest; and, on the average, 65 policemen are murdered each year while endeavoring to apprehend criminals. I do not mean to imply that there have not been misuses of police power, for the record shows otherwise. However, these are the exceptions. Let's *demand of our law enforcement officers* the highest quality and efficiency of performance, while *demanding for them* the public respect which they so rightly deserve.

Let's stop going to see filthy movies and dirty stage shows. Let's not buy pornographic magazines or books and urge those who sell them in our neighborhoods to stop making them available to our young people. Let's write letters of objection to advertisers that resort to the use of suggestive or dirty material in their advertisements. Let's start setting the right kind of example through our everyday lives.

Let's get prayer and a trust *in* and reverence *for* a supreme Being back into our national life. Let's not let teachers do what one mother told me happened in a nearby public school just recently. Her daughter's class was practicing a baccalaureate hymn which contained in it the word *God*. That teacher instructed the class to hum when they came to the word *God* instead of singing it. How stupid can we get?

Our schools have been instructed to refrain from teaching our children the power and glory of PRAYER. We have successfully defended in court

our children's right to ignore the salute to the flag. Groups are hard at work trying to abolish Christmas and Easter programs in schools—to do away with baccalaureate sermons—to eliminate Thanksgiving Day and Presidential proclamations of prayer—even working to remove Chaplains from our Armed Forces. This may all sound fantastic, but unfortunately, it's true. Certainly you cannot deny that there is a move afoot to remove religion from every phase of our national life—a move that is getting support even from ministerial groups.

The blows are being well-timed—the poison is being administered in small doses—we are weakening before the relentless determination of the ever-present minority of evil people whose goal in life is to drag others down to their level.

If you have children in college, write a letter to the head of that institution urging him not to tolerate "student uprisings." In this connection I wish to commend Dr. Wilson Elkins, the President of the University of Maryland, for the firm stand he has taken concerning this matter. Dr. Elkins warned the parents of the members of the Freshman Class that students who want to take matters in their own inexperienced hands will *not be welcome* at Maryland. He made it clear that the University will not tolerate disorder and demonstrations similar to those which occurred at Berkeley, California. According to a campus survey conducted by The Washington Post, most of the students interviewed supported Dr. Elkins' position.

I would also suggest that you do what you can to defeat the programs of two student organizations—one claiming to represent one million students in over three hundred colleges and universities and the other claiming to have more than one hundred campus chapters. I'm talking about the National Student Association and the Students for a Democratic Society. At a recent convention in Madison, Wisconsin, the National Student Association, according to published reports, adopted the following policies with respect to:

1. The Dominican Republic. The NSA "condemns United States intervention in the Dominican Republic."
2. Red China. The NSA urges the United States to "propose admission of Communist China in the next session of the General Assembly."
3. Viet Nam. The NSA recommends that the United States "immediately cease the bombings of the north and all other offensive military action as a positive step toward a cease-fire" and that the government "extend its offer of unconditional talks to include separate National Liberation Front participation."
4. The Berkeley riots. NSA delegates considered the disorders there as "responsible action" and pledged to give legal support to the over 800 persons arrested.

Moreover, NSA delegates wholeheartedly endorsed such agitational weapons of the left, as the sit-in, rent strikes and massive civil disobedience. And to make sure no one misunderstood, the delegates ended their incredible convention by belting out "We Shall Overcome," the song that has become the battle hymn of the far left.

Even more radical than the NSA, the Students for a Democratic Society are going all out to get students to declare as "conscientious objectors" and thus avoid their military obligations. It is also rumored that they intend to issue a handbook of instructions titled "How to Evade the Draft." It is suggested that this can be done if the student pretends he is a homosexual. How do you like that for red-blooded American patriotism?

These are youngsters who have been deferred from military service so that they can complete their education—they have received scholarships and grants—they are enjoying more individual freedom than any other students in history—and this is their expression of appreciation for all that has been done for them.

And now moving to an equally disturbing situation. Let's insist that our churches and our ministers devote their time to our spiritual problems and not just to those problems connected with civil rights. Tell your minister that it is just as sinful to advocate civil strife as it is to deny right. Doctor Kenneth McFarland, noted educator, author, world traveler

and one of America's finest public speakers recently said in this connection, and I quote:

"Important as the civil rights issue is, it is by no means our only problem. Let's get our parading preachers back into their pulpits . . . when national church organizations begin advocating the violation of law and even approve the use of church funds to pay the fines of such violators, it is time you found out where your church stands. I want the churches to lead people to God—not to jail, not to the court house, not to the state house, not to the Board of Education offices, not to a housing construction project." unquote.

I am confident that all of you can think of many more things you can personally do to turn the tide in favor of self-discipline and decency. *I am hopeful that each one of you will do something.* The time for lip service is past—the time for action is NOW!

Remember this—as the old hymn says, "God moves in a mysterious way, His wonders to perform." Perhaps through you He will point the way whereby we *can* . . .

Wake Up, America!

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 6/27/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

ReBulet, 5/10/68, and Albuquerque letter, 4/2/69.

The following information is submitted in accord with Bureau instructions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

In view of the current inactivity in the Albuquerque Division in matters and groups (SDS, New Mexico Resistance, etc.) relating to the New Left, no potential counterintelligence action is contemplated at this time. Albuquerque is currently in the process of reviewing pertinent files in an effort to compile a list of students who may possibly be considered for panel source development when the regular sessions begin again in September, 1969. But first it must be determined if those under consideration will be returning to school for the fall term. Any such persons selected will be handled on an individual basis and the Bureau will be requested to authorize prior to initiation of any actual investigation.

DEC-48

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

None.

SI-111 5 JUN 27 1969

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

During a discussion with [redacted] Las Cruces, New Mexico, following submission of the demands of the Black Student Organization (BSO) and Students for University Freedom (SUF), the question of minority rights arose. It was "suggested" (with tongue in cheek) that perhaps the campus "cowboys" might also have some demands to submit. Such action would not only temper the dissident groups' demands but also give their followers something different to think about concerning rights of the majority versus rights for a small group. [redacted] indicated he would plant a seed in the minds of some campus "cowboys" he knew.

56 JUL 11 1969

The following clippings are self-explanatory.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKH/pd
(3)

ENCLOSURE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

The following article appeared on page 1 of the May 2, 1969 issue of the "SUN NEWS", a daily newspaper published in Las Cruces, New Mexico.

Latest Demands On University

An additional 12 demands for changes at New Mexico State University were dropped in the laps of officials Thursday.

A statement listing the demands follows:

We the Cowboys of New Mexico State University hereby demand of the school Administration:

1. Spittoons be supplied in all classrooms.
2. A $35 per week pension to help finance our kegs.
3. Rodeo be offered for credit with world champion cowboys as instructors.
4. Carpets in all hallways and classrooms in the Ag. building.
5. All expenses incurred by judging teams be financed by the administration.
6. All administrators be required to wear western clothes during the college rodeos.
7. An indoor rodeo arena be built for the college rodeos.
8. Cowboy professors be hired to teach a course in rodeo techniques and history of rodeos.
9. A college rodeo hall of fame be instituted in Corbett Center.
10. Campus police be armed with side arms as well as sawed-off shotguns to help handle agitators on campus.
11. All Ag. students be excused from classes three days before and three days after each college rodeo.
12. Deer head hat racks be supplied in all classrooms.

If these demands are not met by Monday, May 5, 1969, at 7:30 a.m., we will continue to attend classes and get an education as we intended to do when we enrolled in this University.

The following appeared on page B 10 of the May 3, [illegible] issue of the "ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL", a daily and Sunday newspaper in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

NMSU Given New Demands

LAS CRUCES (UPI) — Students representing a group called Students for University Freedom (SUF) have presented New Mexico State officials a list of demands and said they would unite with the Black Student Organization in pushing their demands.

Earlier, NMSU officials rejected all but one of 12 demands presented NMSU president Dr. Roger Corbett Wednesday by the BSO. The Students for University Freedom met Thursday with Dr. Philip S. Ambrose, vice president in charge of student affairs. Dr. Corbett had to attend a funeral.

Ambrose told 10 representatives of the BSO the school would seek to identify and take action against whoever threw a stick which hit one of the BSO members during an anti-ROTC demonstration Tuesday — the first of the BSO's demands.

But he turned down all the others. He said the school would not give the BSO a public apology for the incident since the administration was not involved, although the school said the stick-throwing was "regretful."

AMBROSE SAID NMSU would continue seeking instructors on the basis of ability instead of hiring just Negroes as demanded, that the school would not disarm campus police, could not provide the BSO or its proposed Black Art Festivals or a black studies section with money because there were no funds available, would not allow them to name rooms in Corbett Center after black heroes because naming of rooms was the regents' responsibility and would not place Negro students on interviewing boards. The school asked for a definition of "sensitivity training" which the BSO asked be given to campus police, and said Negro students would not be excused from class or tests to take part in demonstrations because there was no excuse for any student to cut studies. The administration also denied a need for a reviewing board to sit in judgment of anyone acting in an offensive manner to Negro students as the BSO demanded, saying that any offensive action toward any student should be reported.

Included among the new list of SUF demands were:

—Abolishment of mandatory ROTC

—Student control of all student judicial and disciplinary boards including those boards with power of suspension and expulsion.

—A 50 PER CENT voting right for students on all faculty senate committees.

—Abolishment of the school's policy of screening speakers invited to the campus.

—Seating of representatives of all student organizations on the Student Senate.

—Placing students as advisors on all department committees which have power to fire faculty members.

—Abolishment of the school's responsibility over students in lieu of parents.

—Allowing students more freedom in planning their curriculum.

—Codification of university regulations.

—That no faculty member, student or employe be fired or removed as a result of his political activities or beliefs.

There was no immediate comment from the university on the new demands.

* * *

Cowboys' List Demands For Agric Administration

LAS CRUCES (UPI) — With one set of demands after another storing New Mexico State University officials in the face, the school's "cowboys," Friday decided to try to corral some benefits too.

The "Cowboys," group at the school drew up its own set of demands asking among other things that spittoons be placed in classrooms; that carpets be placed in the halls and classrooms of the Agriculture Building; that cowboy professors teach rodeo techniques; and that campus police be armed with sidearms and sawed-off shotguns.

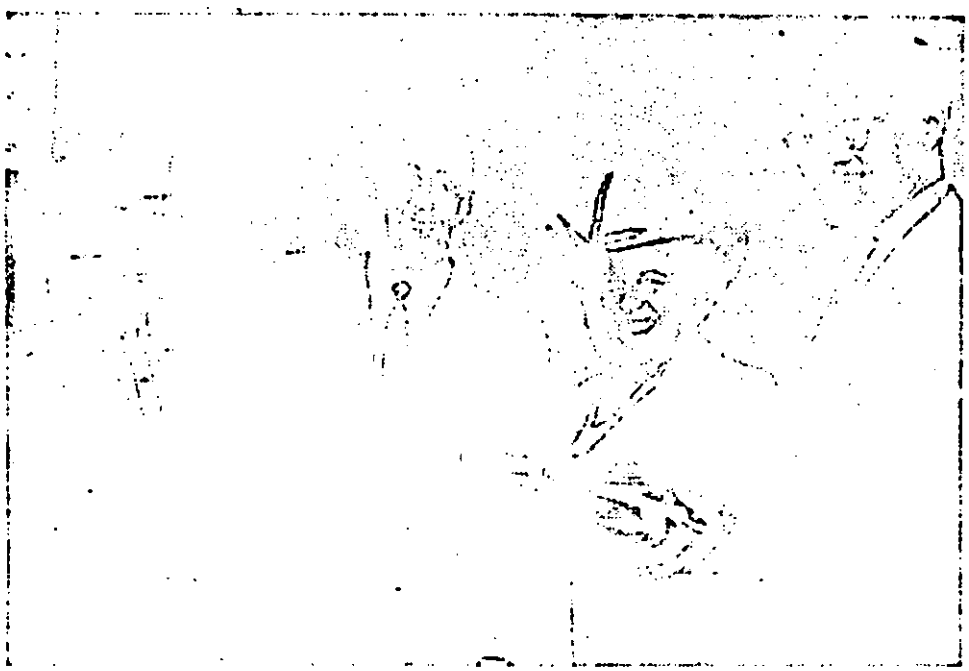
The cowboys' petition was an apparent parody aimed at sets of demands issued earlier this week by both the Black Students Organization and Students for University Freedom, and which university officials indicated would be presented for review to the school's board of regents.

Other policies which the NMSU cowboys said they wanted instituted included a $25 a week pension to, "help finance our hogs,"; the installation of deerhead hat racks in classrooms and a provision requiring administrators to wear western clothes during rodeo days.

The cowboys concluded by stating if their demands were not met by Monday May 5, "we will continue to attend classes and get an education as we intended to do when we enrolled in this university."

-3-

The following article appeared on page 5 of the May 8, 1969 issue of the "EL PASO TIMES", a daily newspaper published in El Paso, Texas.



STUDENT 'DEMANDS' MET — *Cowboys at New Mexico State University, Las Cruces, N.M., submitted their own demands to the university recently in the wakes of these from other groups. Students in the history department fulfilled two of the requests—for a spittoon, held by Agriculture Dean Philip Leyendecker, right, and for a deer-head hat rack, displayed by History Prof. Emmi Baum, second from right. Two of the authors of the Cowboy demands, Joel Edwards, left, of Fort Sumner, and Ronald Lamb of Las Cruces, were in on the acceptance "ceremony."*

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 4/2/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)(P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

ReBulet, 5/10/68, which instructed a status letter be submitted every three months including comments under the following captions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

By letter dated 12/20/68 Albuquerque requested the Bureau to furnish 1,000 copies of the reprint of the "Reader's Digest" article, "SDS: Engineers of Campus Chaos," in order that a student, [redacted] and his friends who are interested at the University of New Mexico (UNM) could distribute it on campus.

By letter dated 1/3/69 the Bureau advised that we should accept information volunteered by [redacted] but should not utilize him in captioned program. The Bureau suggested we should attempt to develop him as a source and also pointed out that we could refer him to the "Reader's Digest" if he desired to obtain reprints of this article.

Albuquerque is not considering further attempts to develop [redacted] as a source since he is a well known figure on the campus and has made it a matter of public record that he is opposed to the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and similar groups. Any information which he desires to furnish to the FBI will be accepted, but no further contact will be initiated by the Albuquerque Office.

By letter dated 12/20/68 Albuquerque pointed out that consideration was being given to possible use of [redacted], a graduate student at UNM. He, too, is an outspoken foe of New Left-type groups and has developed a reputation on campus in this regard. No further consideration is being given for possible use of [redacted] at this time because of this fact.

2-Bureau (RM)
2-Albuquerque
GKM:dlb
(4)

100-449698-6-21
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SEC.

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Albuquerque contemplates no potential counterintelligence action at this time.

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

By letter dated 3/5/69 Albuquerque requested authority to make anonymous mailings of certain items pertaining to the New Mexico Free University. By letter dated 3/19/69 the Bureau granted authority for this mailing and indicated it should be transmitted with an anonymous note highlighting the fact that the facilities of the UNM are being used to teach such subjects as "Confrontation Politics: Theory and Practice" and "Draft Counseling Training." The Bureau indicated that all necessary steps should be taken to protect the Bureau as the source.

At approximately the same time the anonymous mailings by the Albuquerque Division were being handled, a teaching assistant at the UNM was distributing copies of an alleged obscene poem to the Freshman English class. Copies of this poem subsequently found their way to members of the legislature and other state and city officials. Inasmuch as these events occurred at the same time, it is felt there is no question about the anonymity of our mailings. Although all the current controversies at the UNM are over the poem, it is felt that the recipients of the Albuquerque Division mailings were struck with the fact this was not an isolated incident. Evidence of this can be found in the fact the New Mexico Legislature appropriated $50,000 for a legislative investigation of the universities in the State of New Mexico. (Governor DAVID CARGO has indicated he may veto this appropriation.)

In the middle of March, 1969, it was learned that the SDS, having been refused space by the University of Texas officials, were contemplating moving their National Council meeting to Albuquerque. Through well placed sources it was learned that representatives of the SDS planned to secure rooms at the UNM and were also interested in renting the Civic Auditorium from the city officials. Under the personal guidance of the SAC, contacts were made with the Chief of Police, the City Manager and the news media in order to acquaint them with the problems that this would entail for the City of Albuquerque. Time was of the essence since the National Council meeting was scheduled for 3/27-30/69 and it was felt if their plans to relocate in Albuquerque could be stymied or delayed, it would be disruptive to the whole SDS movement.

Sources connected with the inner committees of the local SDS chapter reported that the group was trying to move in an expeditious, but secret, manner so that results could be obtained without the knowledge of the New Mexico Legislature, which was then currently in session.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

With regard to the attempts of the SDS to relocate in Albuquerque, the UNM officials denied the use of campus facilities and the City Manager rescinded their contract for use of the Civic Auditorium. The National SDS was forced to make a last ditch effort and chose their original site, Austin, Texas, as their meeting grounds. In Austin a court order sustained the ruling of University officials in denying the access to campus facilities and they were forced to conduct their meetings in inadequate facilities. The sum total of disruption is yet to be determined.

In regard to the current controversy at the UNM over the suspension of teaching assistants and professors concerning the obscene poem incident, this matter is still pending. It is pointed out in Item II above certain legislative action has occurred and although it cannot be determined what effect the anonymous mailings had, it is obvious that something provoked the legislature into action.

The final outcome has not yet been determined since a Special Advisory Committee, which is checking into the matter, has not issued its recommendations as of yet. As pointed out in the attached editorial, the UNM finds itself at a crisis point not on a major national issue such as the draft or Vietnam War, but over a piece of smut. Certainly those who are defending the rights of the young teaching assistant on the grounds of academic freedom must be extremely uncomfortable with the point of their issue.

It is noted the UNM will have a mid-term break beginning 4/3/69 and ending 4/10/69. The furor should die down during this period, and there probably will be little or no activity by SDS or other New Left groups during this period.

AQ 105-1677

[redacted]

The following newspaper items are self-explanatory:

ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL, 3/27/69

Prof Suspended In U. Poem Incident

By FRANKIE McCARTY

University of New Mexico President Ferrel Heady Wednesday suspended Lionel Williams — a teaching instructor whose distribution of a controversial poem touched off a Legislative furor — pending the outcome of a special investigation being conducted by a university committee.

Suspended with Williams was another teaching assistant, Kenneth Pollack, who has appeared as "guest lecturer" in Williams' classes. Both Pollack and Williams are teachers of freshmen English classes.

A statement issued by the president late Wednesday said: "Information has been received by me yesterday and today concerning events at class sessions conducted by Lionel Williams on last Thursday evening and again last night, involving in each instance another teaching assistant in the Dept. of English, Kenneth Pollack.

"ON THE BASIS of this information, which is also being furnished to the Special Advisory Committee, as well as information on earlier events already furnished to the committee, I am suspending both Mr. Williams and Mr. Pollack from their duties as teaching assistants.

"These suspensions are effective immediately and will remain in effect pending the outcome of the proceedings on charges against them being considered by the Special Advisory Committee established to deal with cases involving complaints against teaching assistants."

Pollack, who appeared briefly during Williams' two classes Tuesday night, was critical of—among other things—the House Memorial demanding that Williams be fired or the university's budget would be cut to $1. Discussing a number of things he considers "obscene," he included "attempts by legislators to blackmail a university."

WILLIAMS SAID late Wednesday night he would have no comment on the suspension, on advice of his academic counselor, Leo Kanowitz, a law school professor. Kanowitz said the decision was made in view of American Assn. of University Professors regulations that parties involved in such cases should not engage in publicity of any kind.

He added: "Certain things have occurred in the way of pressure against Mr. Williams that are the result of the creation of an hysterical atmosphere." He said Williams felt that what he had done was perfectly reasonable within the traditions of classroom freedom. "That tradition will be enhanced if we don't respond to hysteria on our part, but with patience and dignity. We don't want to do anything that will prejudice the objectivity of the tribunal which is considering the matter."

HOWEVER, DR. Joseph Frank, chairman of the English department, said he felt the suspension action was unfortunate at this time because the matter is under investigation by the special committee and the committee has not yet made a decision.

"I think this will divide the university," he added.

Prior to his announcement of the suspension, Dr. Heady had appointed a fourth member to the special committee, at the request of the other three members. He is Richard Elliott, pastor of the Luther Student Center and president of the Graduate Student Council.

THE SUSPENSION action also brought involvement — at least to some degree — from the American Assn. of University Professors. Dr. James Thorson, president of the UNM chapter, said after contact with the AAUP's Washington office and the local executive committee, "we are primarily concerned with the procedural aspects of the case. We have requested and have been granted the right to have academic counsel represent the teaching assistants at whatever hearings take place." He said UNM professors Malcolm Sharp and Bob Walker would assist Kanowitz.

UNM Regents President Arturo G. Ortega said because the regents are, in effect, "the court of last appeal" in such matters at the university, "I would hate to comment now" on the situation because fact-finding procedures are still under way.

MEANWHILE, Gov. David F. Cargo, who had indicated Tuesday he would veto the $50,000 line item appropriation the Legislature had sliced from UNM's budget to finance a "state universities" investigation, had not yet done so Wednesday. And a strong critic of Williams and the poem, Sen. Hrold Runnels, said that even if Cargo did veto the item, money and people to conduct the investigation could be gained elsewhere.

The Lea County senator told UPI, "I personally would like for it to be understood the majority of senators and representatives voted this in House Bill 300 (the appropriations act), not to hurt the colleges and universities but to build great colleges and universities in our state. If the governor should veto it, which again is his prerogative, there are other committees that could investigate."

AT THE SAME time, a swarm of rumors developed on campus that the poem which Williams distributed to his freshman class, "Love Lust", was among material involved in an obscene literature conviction in the California courts two years ago. However, a check revealed this to be untrue.

Another book by the same author, Lenore Kandel, figured in the conviction of a Haight-Asbury bookseller and two clerks on misdemeanor charges growing out of the November, 1966, confiscation of a slender volume of of poems, "Love Book." The convictions, which resulted in a combined $200 fine and suspended sentences, are now on appeal in the First Appellate Court in California, according to Atty. Vasilios Choulos, representing the trio. The controversial "Love Lust" is not among the poems in "The Love Book."

"LOVE LUST" comes from another anthology, "The Word Alchemy," published by Globe Press a couple of years ago. This volume has long been on sale by an Albuquerque book dealer — who said requests for the booklet have increased tremendously since the controversy began. "I'm having to reorder it," he said.

Petitions continued to flourish around campus on both sides of the controversy; a petition in support of Williams was available at the Student Union, and anti-"Lost Lust" statement, contending that the poem is "utter filth and has no place in our educational program" was signed by many members of the UNM track team.

Plans also were reportedly under way to arrange an "ad hoc" meeting of faculty members at the university to discuss the suspensions.

ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL

(T. M. PEPPERDAY, publisher, 1928-1956, H. P. PICKRELL, editor 1928-1964)

An Independent Newspaper

Published At Seventh St. and Silver Ave. SW, Albuquerque, New Mexico
By The Journal Publishing Co.

Robert A. Brown, Editor — John McMillion, Executive Editor

Controversy Can Damage UNM

The emotional peak being reached in connection with the dirty poem controversy at the University of New Mexico can produce irreparable damage to that important institution.

Irrational calls for closing the University "for fumigation" have no more part in the picture than does the blatant public reading or distribution of the obscene material involved.

The bizarre aspect of the situation is that UNM finds itself at crisis point, not over an important issue such as Vietnam, but over a piece of smut. Even many of those now defending a young teaching assistant on academic freedom grounds, must feel extremely uncomfortable with the poem itself.

The wide dissemination of the writing, both by those defending it and those condemning it, has resulted in it making its way, not only into the hands of virtually all adults and college students, but into the hands of junior high and high school age youngsters in the city. While this may not bother the backers, it surely isn't what those opposed intended.

The warning by Municipal Judge Harry D. Robins that distribution of any legally obscene material is unlawful, was timely.

While President Heady was open to criticism for not taking action until prodded, his action in suspending various individuals on campus and in resisting pressures that they be reinstated cannot be faulted.

The general impatience at the time being taken by the Special Advisory Committee checking into the matter is understandable. But it must be understood that not only the poem and a man's right to teach it is being tested, but also under fire is a carefully nurtured system of campus government. Bypassing that government in flagrant instances might be the easy way; utilizing it to the fullest is the way of justice.

Many of the doubts in the minds of off-campus people are there because they are not sure the faculty members and students clamoring for "due process" will abide if they don't happen to like the results. On many other campuses adverse decisions have only resulted in further pressure.

Gov. David Cargo has indicated he may veto a $50,000 appropriation for a legislative investigation of the university. We think this might be wise; we can see little to be gained by a long drawn-out probe with all of the political undertones which are bound to be there.

The University's machinery is in motion — regardless of how slow. The top officials on campus, as well as the Board of Regents, are intelligent enough to know that the situation must be straightened out.

It is important that disturbed tax-paying parents show the restraint needed to allow this to happen.

It is imperative that the students and faculty members involved—and only a minority on campus is involved—show those same taxpayers that they need, deserve and can handle the academic freedom they so loudly demand.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date:
Edition:
Author:
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Title:

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or
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Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

-6-

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Cargo Signs School Interference Bill With Immediate Effect Order

From the Journal's
Santa Fe Bureau

SANTA FE — Gov. David F. Cargo Saturday signed into law House Bill 256, which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to interfere with or intimidate with threat of violence any college, university or school administrator, teacher or student engaged in regular duties or studies.

Cargo signed the bill with an emergency clause, putting it into effect immediately.

Cargo took issue with the "anti-riot" tag he said had been put on the bill by the press.

"IT'S AIMED MORE at protection of individuals than protection against mass disturbances," he said. "It seems to me it would probably protect a great number of individuals — as individuals."

In Albuquerque, Rep. Bradford H. Prince, R-Bernalillo, sponsor of the measure, said he was "extremely happy" about the emergency clause.

He said the approval of the measure was "extremely timely" and added he feels "we are sitting on a virtual volcano" because "the seeds of potential violence and confrontations are in the wind."

"It has been shown that the number of non-students on campus is growing," he said. "Many have been coming in from other areas in the nation as though it was an underlying plot, parallel to the preliminaries at other campuses.

"I HAVE RECEIVED hundreds of calls this week relevant to the non-student population on the campus" of the University of New Mexico, Prince said.

"I do not want to see our great university torn asunder," he said.

He said campus "administrators must be strong — they must weed out the seeds of discontent — the non-students — the troublemakers — and bring order using a firm hand and determination.

"Certainly some effort must be made to ascertain the makeup of the UNM Student Union building population — this seems to be the boiling pot of unrest.

"It is unfortunate that the majority of students are branded with the small group of so-called malcontents, liberals and 'hippies' who apparently are the source of the troubles on this and other campuses.

"I think it is important, too, that HB 256 includes all schools in New Mexico — not just institutions of higher learning," Prince said.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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JOURNAL

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M.

Date: 3/30/69
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Author:
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☐ Being Investigated

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

'Love-in' Held

Poem Crisis Smoldering; Boycott Set

By REES LLOYD

The "obscene poem" crisis at the University of New Mexico continued Sunday and students and the administration appeared headed for an impasse.

The Ad Hoc Committee for a Free University, which has called for the reinstatement of two suspended English department instructors by early Tuesday morning, continued to mobilize for a "boycott" in daylong meetings.

And UNM President Dr. Ferrel Heady said Sunday he expects to make no statement on the suspensions until after the UNM faculty meets late Tuesday afternoon.

HEADY, WHO HAS received a statement of "full" support from the UNM Board of Regents, said that all the administration's information is in the hands of a Special Advisory

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

A1

JOURNAL

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M.

Date: 3/31/69

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Character:

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Classification:

Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

U. 'Obscene Poem' Crisis Simmers; Group Calls for Boycott Tuesday

Continued From A-1

Committee which will review the suspensions.

Dr. Hubert Alexander is chairman of the committee which will study the dismissal of Lionel Williams and Ken Pollack, both teaching assistants in the English Department.

Williams is at the center of the controversy which erupted last week in the state legislature over a poem he had distributed to an English class. Legislators called the poem "filthy and disgusting," demanded Williams' ouster, and slashed $50,000 from UNM's budget appropriations to "investigate" state universities.

WILLIAMS AND Pollack, who had lectured in Williams' classes, were suspended. The English department chairman, Dr. Joe Frank, and the professor in charge of the English program, Dr. Roy Pickett, were relieved of administrative duties Thursday, after they refused to name a replacement for Williams.

Graduate and teaching assistants met at UNM Sunday in an "ad hoc organizational meeting" and called for a mass rally of teaching and graduate assistants after the faculty meeting Tuesday.

The instructors established an "Information Center" at Yatoka Hall on campus on the issue of the poem and academic freedom, and Peter Eller, chairman of the publicity committee, said "two critical explications of 'Lust Love Poem' will be written, edited and distributed."

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT teaching assistants issued a statement criticizing Heady for acting "in an irresponsible and dishonest manner. Irresponsible in that he has consistently ignored the requirements of due process; dishonest in that he has deliberately veiled the administration's true motives for its actions."

Several hundred students gathered for what was called a "love-in" at Roosevelt Park near the campus Sunday afternoon.

The Ad Hoc Committee for a Free University called for a "teach-in day" in classrooms today, repudiated violence and a disruptive "strike" rather than a "boycott" and went on record as supporting the view that "racism" is involved in the controversy.

THE COMMITTEE issued a statement saying it is "opposed to a strike" because it would be as restrictive as "the legislature's control of the university."

Brian Gratton, one of four chairmen of the committee, said, "This is not a 'strike' ... The idea is to boycott those classes which refuse to discuss the only relevant issue facing the university— academic freedom."

In addition, the committee issued a statement saying it "unanimously supported the concept and practice of rational, peaceful protest. The students agreed that the entire student body is fully opposed to any type of disruption, forceful disorder, or violence as has existed at other universities."

The committee also issued an open invitation to the boycott to all legislators who voted for action against Williams and the university because, the statement said, "It's April Fool's Day and they (legislators) ought to have the day off."

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 3/19/69

REC-12 EX-105

Director, FBI ~~(100-449698)~~ 811

1 - Mr. [redacted]

100-449698-62-10

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

[redacted]

Reurlet 3/5/69.

Authority is granted to anonymously furnish the administrators of the University of New Mexico and selected members of the New Mexico Legislature with copies of the brochure issued by the New Mexico Free University. These should be transmitted with an anonymous note highlighting the fact that the facilities of the University of New Mexico are being used to teach such subjects as "Confrontation Politics: Theory and Practice" and "Draft Counseling Training." In sending this document and preparing the anonymous note, all necessary steps are to be taken to protect the identity of the Bureau as the source. The articles appearing in the "Albuquerque Journal" and "New Mexico Lobo" should not be included in this mailing since they do not possess sufficient impact to warrant such action.

RSP

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NOTE:

By relet AQ submitted the above documents and suggested they be sent anonymously to university administrative personnel, leaders of patriotic groups, and several members of the New Mexico Legislature. The brochure issued by the New Mexico Free University could be of value to the above parties to draw attention to the fact that a public institution is being used for such purposes. The articles in the newspapers are too innocuous to justify sending them.

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
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Tavel
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COMM-FBI

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698) DATE: 3/5/69

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT:

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

There are enclosed for the Bureau xerox copies of a photograph which appeared in the 2/28/69 issue of the "Albuquerque Journal," a daily newspaper published in Albuquerque, New Mexico, another photograph which appeared in the 2/28/69 issue of the "New Mexico Lobo," student newspaper published at the University of New Mexico (UNM), an editorial which appeared in the 2/28/69 issue of the "New Mexico Lobo", and a brochure issued by the New Mexico Free University (NMFU).

The above two photographs depict members of the Black Student Union (BSU) with their left fists raised in the Black Power salute during the playing of the National Anthem prior to the UNM-Brigham Young University (BYU) basketball game at Albuquerque, New Mexico, on 2/27/69.

The Students For Democratic Society (SDS) group on the UNM campus also participated in this demonstration.

The editorial in the "New Mexico Lobo" described this demonstration as a "dignified and powerful demonstration by a proud group of Black and Mexican-American UNM students."

The NMFU brochure contains several crude and objectionable illustrations on both covers as well as inside. The descriptions of some of the classes are self-explanatory and many of these classes are scheduled to be held at the Student Union Building on the UNM campus. In addition, registration for the NMFU was held in the International Center, which is also located on the UNM campus. [redacted] and

2 - Bureau (RM) (Encs. 4) ENCLOSURE ATTACHED
5 - Albuquerque
(2 - 105-1677)
(1 - 100-2824 (SDS)
(1 - 100-3372 (NMFU)
(1 - 157-152 (BSU)

100-449698-62-18
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JFC/pd
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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

[redacted] are both Security Index subjects in the Albuquerque Office and [redacted] N and [redacted] are the subjects of security-type investigations based on their activities in SDS, Movement for a Democratic Society, an "adult SDS group," or the New Mexico Resistence and Anti-Draft Group.

It is believed that anonymous mailings of the above items to University administrative personnel, leaders of patriotic groups and the several members of the New Mexico Legislature who have expressed public concern over objectionable material which has previously appeared in the "New Mexico Lobo," would have a highly disruptive effect on the BSU, SDS and NMFU.

Bureau authority is therefore requested to reproduce and anonymously distribute the above items as indicated.

The Bureau is requested to afford this request expeditious attention in view of the fact the New Mexico State Legislature is currently in session and considering school appropriations and it would be more timely to deliver the material before the Legislative session terminates.

C 268 2745

NEW MEXICO FREE UNIVERSITY
Ken Balizer. Acting Secretary
1359 San Lorenzo, N.W.
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107

FREE YOU

REGISTRATION / OPEN HOUSE / [illegible]PENING

ALL INTERESTED HEADS AND BODIES ARE ENCOURAGED TO ATTEND THIS NMFU EVENT AT WHICH YOU CAN NOT ONLY REGISTER FOR THE COURSES THAT INTEREST YOU BUT GET TOGETHER WITH OTHER INTERESTED PEOPLE AND THE COURSE LEADERS TO REALLY FIND OUT WHAT'S HAPPENING. ALSO AVAILABLE WILL BE UP TO DATE ANNOUNCEMENTS CONCERNING PRESENTLY INCOMPLETE MEETING PLACES, TIMES, AND OTHER INFORMATION. TO BE HELD AT THE

! { INTERNATIONAL CENTER, 1806 LAS LOMAS STREET, N.E., FRIDAY THE 14th OF FEBRUARY, FROM 3:00 TO 7:00 P.M. } !

However, for those of you who cannot attend this event to register in person, you can register by mail. Please complete the registration card and send it in; remember to stick a stamp on the thing.

NAME _____
last first whatever

ADDRESS _____

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COURSE
SIGN-UPS

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THE POVERTY CULTURE

Craig Simpson and John Gould

This course is designed to give insight, knowledge, attitude change and action orientation to life in poverty and despair. VISTA volunteers, community developers and others will act as leaders. The class will cover such things as legal and economic problems of the poor, land and water reforms, and group sensitivity training.

First meeting Feb. 25th, 8:00 P.M. at the Center for Community Action Services, 1812 Las Lomas, N.E.

RADICAL VS. RADICAL

This is a one shot (no pun intended) session for right-wing and left-wing radicals. Why not eyeball-to-eyeball? We know some leftists will read this catalogue; if you are from the other end of the spectrum, sign up and we'll put both sides together. Everybody might be surprised.

Time and location to be announced to those who sign up.

OFFSET PRINTING

Peter Montague

Typesetting, layout, design, negatives, [illegible] burning plates, printing. At least four hours each two weeks expected of students (four hours at a time required by the machinery, not the instructor)

First meeting Feb. 22nd, 2:00 P.M. at 1000 Richmond, N.E.

INTRODUCTION TO THE TAROT

Joel Kovanda

Tarot symbology, palmistry, numberology, and a form of wax divination.

Meetings Thurs. & Sat. 7:00 - 9:00 P.M., starting Feb. 20, at Student Union Building, UNM, room 250 E.

NATURAL CHILDBIRTH & BREAST FEEDING

A course designed for (but not limited to) expectant parents. Breathing techniques, excercises based on the La Maze Method of childbirth without pain.

Sign up and be contacted.

HISTORY OF VIET NAM

Roger Anderson

The last 2000 years of turbulent Vietnamese history, cultural origins, Chinese influence, role of nationalism, European-American influence, recent political events. Four lecture-discussion sessions.

Meetings start Feb. 20, 7:30 P.M., place to be announced.

BASIC AUTO MECHANICS

Donnell

Tune up, repair and maintenence; basic methods to keep your cash. Theory and practice proceedures.

One whole afternoon every two weeks, time and place to be announced.

APPLEBUTTER MAKING

Martha Kennedy

Since applebutter takes six hours of cooking, the course will be one six hour class. While we are waiting for the applebutter to cook we will discuss some of the most pressing problems of women. Things that might be discussed include: problems the men, boyfriends or husbands, have understanding that women are human beings to be respected as human beings capable of activities other than dishwashing, shopping, cooking and being a good lay; the problems of division of labor in the house; the problems and responsibilities to the children if there are any; and perhaps most important of all, the understanding of what woman is, how society has defined her function and role, what a liberated woman is, and how to get from the miserable condition you find yourself in to where you want to get.

This will not be totally without structure nor will it be rigidly structured--a directed discussion by each participant. It will probably be necessary to continue the talk beyond the applebutter class and further sessions will be planned by those involved.

Sunday, March 2, 10:00 A.M. at 10407 4th St. N.W.

HERE & NOW

Encounter, with only two rules: Conversation, thoughts, and events cannot go beyond the room(s)--no past, no future; and participants must be couples (ie. one of each sex).

Friday evening, April 4. Place to be announced to registrants.

SCIENCE FICTION

Stuart Baldwin

This course is designed for persons not well acquainted with science fiction, particularly those who have had the difficulty of understanding it because of the technical information and jargon often used. Thus, the first few meetings will be primarily concerned with covering briefly the background knowledge (mostly astronomy) necessary to comprehend science fiction.

The majority of the course will be concerned with reading S-F and discussing stories, authors, and concepts such as: time travel, parallel universes, galactic empires, alien races, future history and the fate of mankind. About half-a-dozen paperbacks (locally available) will be recommended for reading and use in discussions. This is intended to be an idea course as well as a fun course.

Meets Tuesdays and Thursdays from 1:30-2:30, starting Feb. 18. Place to be announced.

ARCHETYPICAL APPROACH TO BEOWULF, OURSELVES

Dan Ashman

Mysticism, Christ, Beowulf, Platonism, pagans all about, you, me, and poetry (yours?). To find this world and the next.

Wednesdays at 7:30 P.M., starting Feb. 19, at Student Union Building, UNM, room 231A.

what me worry?
CALCULUS

Kurt Fiedler

Structure, use and perversion of a two hundred year old model of level-one physical change. No homework.

Meetings Thursdays at 4:30 on UNM campus, exact location to be announced.

HANDWRITING ANALYSIS

James Funk

Introduction to and discussion of graphology, including description of basic fairly accepted rules and the basis for handwriting analysis. We will also discuss participant's personalities in relation to their handwriting.

Tuesdays at 7:30 P.M., starting Feb. 18, at Student Union Building, UNM, room 231B.

HOW TO BUILD ANYTHING

Chilton Gregory

Instructor is experienced in sculpture, jewelry, spacecraft construction, photofabrication, welding, electronics, motorcycles, balloons, marksmanship and other related interests.

First meeting Feb. 18, 8:30 P.M. at 2501 Mountain Road, N.W.

POVERTY, RACISM AND SELF

Holly Devore

Different forms of role playing with discussion and evaluation, sensitivity groups. The purpose is aimed at getting each member of the group to examine his attitudes towards poor people, towards other races, ethnic groups, and stereotypes in general. The methods are aimed at getting a gut emotional response besides an intellectual one in achieving a better understanding.

One whole day, probably a Saturday, place and date to be announced.

UNDERGROUND HIGH SCHOOL NEWSPAPER:

Carol Wright and Jeff Sherman

How to do it for ambitious high school students who believe in the power of the press.

Sign up and be contacted.

DRAFT COUNSELING TRAINING

Larry Dickerson

A practical course covering the mechanics of draft counseling. Includes legal and extra-legal information about deferments and exemptions, stalling tactics, emigration, and non-cooperation. Heavy on tactics, light on philosophical basis of resistance.

Six meetings, Wednesdays from 7:30-9:30 P.M., starting Feb. 19 on UNM campus, exact location to be announced.

CONFRONTATION POLITICS: THEORY & PRACTICE

Larry Russel

This course will examine the social, economic, political and psychological conditions which brought about the politics of confrontation. The idea of "voting with your feet" to force the power structure to react in a predictable manner was a direct result of the youth movement in civil rights, and the Viet Nam war. Thus, the development of confrontation will be viewed from its historical, trial and error background.

In the second part of the course we will try to apply the thoory of confrontation to albuquerque's power structure. The type, nature, and place of the 'practice session' will depend on the temerity, audacity, and effrontery of the class. Hopefully, we will be able to select a vulnerable part of the system's anatomy which will cause the entire organism to tighten up when "goosed".

First meeting Feb. 21, 3:00-4:00 P.M. at the Student Union Building, UNM, room 231 B.

LIFE DRAWING WORKSHOP

Three hours, once a week, in which participating artists take turns as models. Undirected: model's pose ideas or request poses.

Meetings Thursdays, 7:00 - 10:00 P.M., starting Feb. 20, at 8220 2nd St., N.W.

MATHEMATICS AND WESTERN CULTURE

Andy Schoene

This course will be based on a book of the same name by Morris Kline. The major effort will be devoted to studying the cultural and intellectual forces which caused the rapid development of mathematics, and the role of mathematics in shaping Western Culture.

Meetings Wednesdays at 7:30 P.M., starting Feb. 19th, at 103 Columbia S.E., Apt. N.

FUN & GAMES

For couples only. For those who like to play silly games like Post Office, Strip Poker, Spin the Bottle. Friday evening, March 14.

Place to be announced to registrants.

SUMMERHILL AND FREE SCHOOLS

Mel Snyder

Mrs. Snyder is currently teaching full time at, and co-directing, a new school in Corrales called Celeste School. It is based largely on theories put forth in Summerhill by A.S. Neill, and Education and the Significance of Life by Krishnamurti. For this course participants will visit and work at the school once or twice a week and meet for discussions twice a month. Mel also recommends George Leonard's Education and Ecstasy as a book around which discussions might revolve.

Meetings every other Sunday, at 8:00 P.M., starting Feb. 16th. at 422 Camino del Bosque, N.W.

NATURAL FOODS FOR THE NATURAL MAN

Frank Ackerman

Physical and emotional health are but two phases for the development of the whole man. Natural Foods. Inner feelings. Yogurt making, organic gardening included.

Sign up and be contacted.

CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN INDIANS

Shirley Hill Witt

Delving first into the first 35,000+ years of American Indian investment in this hemisphere and their subsequent contributions to today's-world-as-we-know-it; the main body of the course being devoted to contemporary problems and possible solutions.

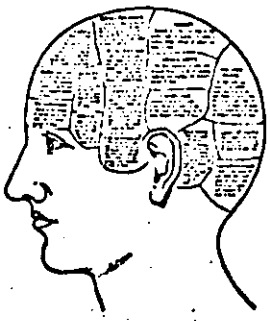
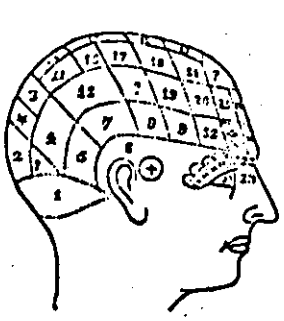
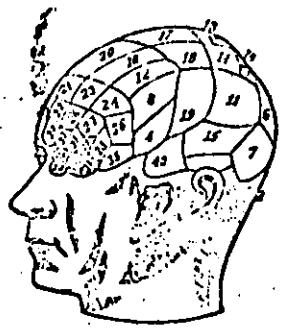
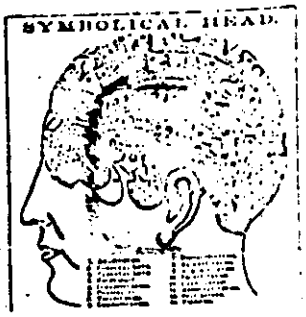
Meetings Wednsday nights at 7:30, starting Feb. 19th, at 520 16th, N.W.

SOLAR ENERGY

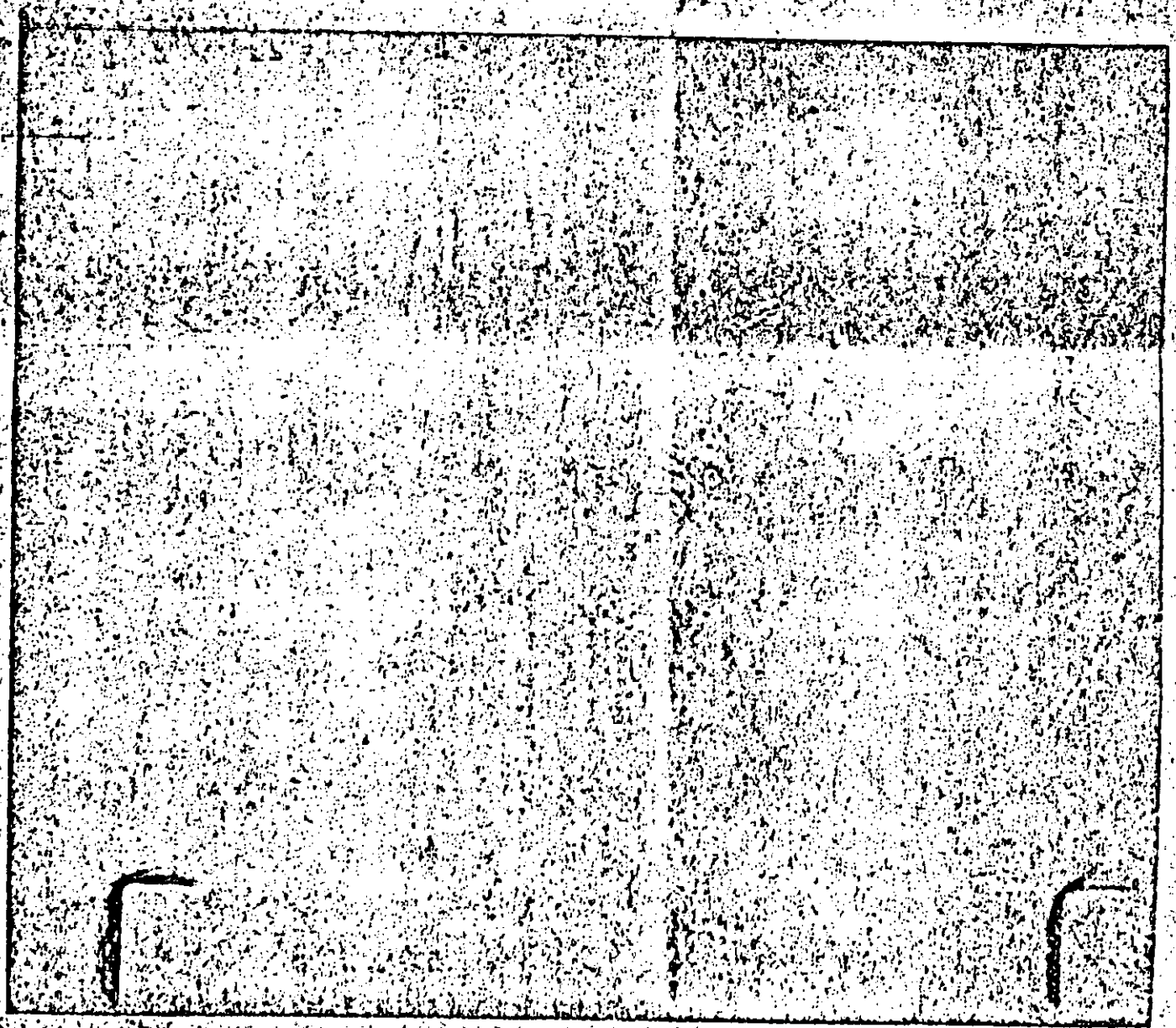
Steve Baer

Direct and inexpensive methods of utilizing the sun's energy, as in solar water heaters.

Meetings Wednesdays at 3:30 on UNM campus, exact location to be announced.

NEW MEXICO FREE UNIVERSITY



SPRING,

NEW MEXICO LOBO

ROBERT BURTON
Editor

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Box 20, University P.O., UNM, Albuquerque, N.M., 87106
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The opinions expressed on the editorial pages of The Lobo are those of the author solely. Unsigned opinion is that of the editorial board of The Lobo. Nothing necessarily represents the views of the Associated Students or of the University of New Mexico.

Editorial

Pretend It Doesn't Exist

Fans at last night's UNM-BYU basketball game witnessed a dignified and powerful demonstration by a proud group of black and Mexican-American UNM students. Judging by the rude reaction of the crowd, however, many people apparently did not recognize the intent or significance of what they saw.

Demonstrators were heckled as they sat in the stands before the protest. When they moved onto the floor, a chorus of boos arose from the crowd and a dozen nervous policemen snapped to attention. The police came to the Arena expecting trouble and didn't find it.

The demonstration was a study in opposites. Protestors moved onto the floor quickly and quietly and stood on the sidelines until they had made their point. A portion of the crowd, unfortunately many of them students, refused to acknowledge that the protestors were just students expressing their distaste for a university that publicly and unashamedly discriminates against "people of color."

It is natural, of course, for complacent people to vigorously oppose anyone or anything that rocks the boat of tranquility. Last night's reaction from the crowd was not surprising.

After all, if you don't understand racism and don't want to hear about it, the easiest solution is to pretend that it doesn't exist.

"NEW MEXICO LOBO"
February 28, 1969

DIFFERENT SALUTES! While a city policeman saluates the United States Flag in the traditional manner, two demonstrators use the clinched fist salute symbol of black power. The demonstration took place at the UNM Arena prior to the New Mexico-Brigham Young game. The demonstrators left prior to the start of the game.

(Journal photo by Ray Cary)

"Albuquerque Journal"
February 28, 1969
page 2

Lobo Photo by Tony Louderbough

Three black students raise clenched fists in protest against BYU during the national anthem prior to the game last night.

Disapproval

"New Mexico Lobo"
February 28, 1969
page 1

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 1/3/69

REC-123
Director, FBI (100-449698) 1 - Mr. [redacted]

100-449698-699
100-149698-62-9

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reurlet 12/20/68.

Bufiles contain no identifiable information concerning [redacted] who contacted your office. While you should accept any information volunteered by [redacted] you are not to utilize him in captioned Program. It is noted that you have had no contact with him other than his contacting your office and, therefore, nothing is known concerning his background and motives. You should consider attempting to develop him as a source.

The Bureau does not desire that you furnish [redacted] copies of the "Reader's Digest" article entitled "SDS: Engineers of Campus Chaos" for distribution to college students and administrators. You can refer him to "Reader's Digest" for reprints of this article. Enclosed are 25 copies of the "Reader's Digest" article which you can furnish to established sources and which you can utilize in anonymous mailings. You are reminded that all counterintelligence action must receive prior Bureau approval.

MAILED 20
JAN 2 - 1969
COMM-FBI

Enclosures - 25
BAW:jes
(4)

NOTE:

[redacted], a student at the University of New Mexico, contacted the AQ Office to express his opposition to student militants. He said that he and several other students had solicited signatures on a paper supporting the University's decision to suspend three militant students who took part in an anti-ROTC demonstration. He said they would like to distribute anti-SDS literature on the campus, but had no funds. He specifically mentioned the above "Reader's Digest" article and AQ requested 1,000 copies so that [redacted] and his frinds could distribute them on the campus.

This is not desireable and [redacted] should not be used in the COINTELPRO as we know nothing of his background. However, AQ is instructed to consider developing him as a source. Twenty-five copies of the captioned article, which was written with Bureau assistance, are being furnished AQ for its own use in this Program.

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JAN 10 1969

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12/20/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)(P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, 10/9/68, which requested Bureau authority to acquire Reader's Digest reprints of an article by EUGENE H. METHVIN entitled "SDS; Engineers of Campus Chaos" for distribution to college administrators. Reference is also made to Bulet, 10/22/68, which advised that the Bureau had ordered reprints of the article and that a sufficient supply would be furnished the Albuquerque Office when received.

As a result of their participation in an anti-NROTC demonstration held at the University of New Mexico (UNM) on 10/22/68, three UNM students were suspended and these suspensions are currently being appealed to the President of UNM. Their suspensions have caused considerable on-campus discussions and petitions both supporting and protesting their suspensions have been circulated on the campus. On 12/17/68 [redacted] a sophomore at UNM who is majoring in Mechanical Engineering, was interviewed at his request.

[redacted] advised that he and several other students became somewhat concerned over the activities protesting the suspension of the three UNM students and also the fact that those individuals who were protesting the suspensions appeared to have available extensive printing resources for publicizing their views on the campus.

[redacted] advised that he was one of the leaders of a group which decided to solicit signatures to a "position paper" supporting the decision to suspend the students in the hope that it would give the school administration some indication of the amount of support on the campus for upholding these suspensions. He stated that he and his associates in this venture collected over 1,200 signatures and based on his experience he concluded that sentiment on the campus in favor of upholding these suspensions far exceeded that which protested these suspensions.

2-Bureau (RM)
2-Albuquerque
GKM:dlb
(4)

REC-10

REC-10

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

[redacted] advised that he and other students who organized the solicitation of these signatures would like very much to distribute anti-SDS literature on the UNM campus, but they are handicapped in that they do not have sufficient funds in order to obtain this type of literature in quantity. He specifically mentioned the reprint of the Reader's Digest article, "SDS; Engineers of Campus Chaos," as a leaflet which he and his friends felt did an excellent job of exposing SDS activities and which they would like very much to distribute on the UNM campus in quantity.

In view of the above, the Bureau is requested to make available to the Albuquerque Office 1,000 copies of this reprint for distribution by [redacted] and friends on the UNM campus.

There is no record of [redacted] in the indices of the Albuquerque Office.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12/20/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)(P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

ReBulet, 5/10/68, which instructed a status letter be submitted every three months including comments under the following captions:

I. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

[redacted], a sophomore at the University of New Mexico (UNM) and a student leader, recently requested to be interviewed. He was interested in acquiring anti-SDS literature in quantity which he and his friends could distribute on campus to counteract the SDS propaganda. By separate communication the Bureau will be asked to provide 1,000 copies of the Reader's Digest reprint entitled "SDS; Engineers of Campus Chaos" by EUGENE H. METHVIN.

[redacted], a graduate student at UNM, was also recently interviewed at his request. He advised that about ten years ago he had been expelled from UNM because he had predicted a riot would occur on campus. Since then he has traveled around the world and in his words "matured." He now describes himself as a super-American. His purpose in contacting the FBI was to advise of his intention to find out all he can about the dissident student groups on campus. He referred to it as "knowing your enemy." He displayed a copy of a letter he intends to submit to the UNM "Lobo," the campus newspaper. The theme of this letter was the need for college administrators to clamp down on campus dissenters so those who are seeking an education may have a greater opportunity to learn. Consideration is being given to possible use of [redacted] in our Counterintelligence Program, but caution is necessary because of his outspoken manner and extremely bitter attitude toward those who are "left of center."

REC-10 100-449648-62-8

II. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

During November, 1968, three students active in New Left matters were suspended from UNM for disrupting an NROTC

2-Bureau (RM)
2-Albuquerque
GKM:dlb
(4)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

drill on 10/22/68. There was considerable agitation concerning due process of law and it was decided their cases would be reviewed by the Student Standards Committee. While this action was pending, anonymous mailings of the above-described Reader's Digest SDS reprints, along with copies of news articles concerning the rioting at San Francisco State College, were sent to the UNM Board of Regents and other appropriate administrative officials. Attached to this material was the plea, "Please don't let it happen here." In addition, copies of the reprint were also distributed to appropriate officials of the other institutions of higher learning in the State of New Mexico.

The suspensions were upheld by the Student Standards Committee on 11/21/68. The only avenue of appeal remaining to the three students, namely, directly to UNM President Dr. FERRELL HEADY, has been followed and this appeal is currently pending.

III. TANGIBLE RESULTS

It is noted classes in the UNM are currently suspended because of the "flu epidemic" and will not resume until after the Christmas vacation which terminates 1/6/69. Established sources at UNM have reported there has been virtually no activity by New Left groups and personnel since the above-mentioned suspensions were upheld.

The following newpaper articles are self-explanatory:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

SDS Leads Disruption

While the organization known as Students for a Democratic Society represents only a minuscule minority of students, it has managed to play a leading role in the violence, bloodshed and arson that have exploded across college campuses from Columbia to Stanford.

Details of how this small but militant group has managed to disrupt college life are revealed in the October Reader's Digest by Eugene Methvin of the magazine's Washington bureau. Quoting SDS officials and members, he reports that the organization's ultimate goal is "nothing less than the destruction of society itself."

One speaker at SDS' national convention at East Lansing, Mich., is quoted: "The ability to manipulate people through violence and mass media has never been greater, the potential for us as radicals never more exciting, than now." FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover has said: "They are a new type of subversive, and their danger is great."

SDS' tactics include use of off-campus issues to disrupt campus life, it is noted. An SDS member from Wisconsin put it this way: "We organized dormitory students around rules, and then it was easy to move them on such issues as the university's relation to Chase Manhattan Bank."

Among specific SDS proposals for disruption of society are listed:

Picking public fights with welfare workers; starting trash-can fires and pulling fire alarms in high schools as "forms of protest"! making appointments by the score with university deans and registrars—to "overuse the bureaucracy"; checking out an inordinate number of books to disrupt libraries and study programs; disrupting draft boards by registering under a false name so "federal agents will spend much time attempting to track down people who do not exist."

While it purports to follow a line of "independent radicalism," the writer points out that SDS betrays growing signs of links to hard-core professional communists. Known communists have sat in on SDS meetings and coached organizers since the organization was founded in 1962; SDS leaders frequently travel to Red capitals; two of three national officers chosen at last June's national convention were self-proclaimed communists.

While many SDSers are actively anti-Kremlin, they share with the communists a common desire to destroy, annihilate and to tear down.

Citing SDS' role in the recent unheaval at Columbia University, the author declared that firmer action by school authorities in support of the anti-radical "Majority Coalition" would have averted escalating violence that culminated in cancellation of classes at Columbia.

Prompt action by students and administrators is a must to prevent campus-wide clashes in the future.

Sidney Hook, noted New York University philosophy professor, has said that SDS members "threaten to become the true grave diggers of academic freedom in the United States." Only prompt action by school authorities and the overwhelming majority of students can prevent the grave from being dug.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

4 SUN-NEWS
LAS CRUCES, NM

Date: 10/3/68
Edition:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL
Nov. 2, 1968
Page B-10
SATURDAY

Low-Key Ministry

NMSU Coffeehouse Closed by Church

LAS CRUCES (UPI) — The off-campus church coffeehouse at New Mexico State University will be closed tonight, marking an end to a six-month controversy over the operation of the low-key ministry.

The New Mexico Synod of the U.S. Pesbyterian Church revealed late Friday "The Hut," an adobe house adjacent to the NMSU campus, would be placed for sale.

The closure came at the close of a six-month study by the Synod's General Council following numerous protests about the operation of the coffeehouse and the caliber of students who habituated the campus ministry jointly run by the Presbyterian and Disciples of Christ churches.

The Rev. James Nielsen, who has operated the Hut, said a key reason behind the closure was to allow the Presbyterian and Disciples churches to work more closely with other denominations in the campus ecumenical movement.

HOWEVER, city and police officials hailed the shutdown. The Hut was never raided, but police said undercover narcotics agents had staked out the coffeeshop numerous times.

Dist. Atty. Ernest Williams of Las Cruces, who advised the Synod's general council on the Hut earlier this month, reportedly told them there was no evidence linking the Hut to any narcotics activity, Neilsen said.

Detective Miko Gonzales, head of the Las Cruces Police narcotics division, said, "We've always had information that narcotics were being used there, but we were never able to pin anybody down, or make any arrests.

"This (closing) will get rid of this one palce, but trouble will come back someplace else. We knew of this one, now we'll just have to wait for another one to pop up. I'm not sure if it's good it's closing or not," Gonzales said.

"This (marijuana links) is not the reason for the sale of the Hut," Neilsen said. The basic reason for the sale is to facilitate the ecumenical ministry, so we can move more quickly into a total united campus program.

"ALL PROCEEDS from the sale of the house will be reserved to be used towards an ecumenical center building at NMSU. At least the five denominations currently involved on campus — the Presbyterians, Disciples, Roman Catholics, Episcopalians and Methodists will work together on the campus ministry.

The Methodist Church is rather an ex-officio member right now, anyway, since it has withdrawn from the movement for a year's study of the program," Neilsen said.

"My job has not changed with this (closing). It is still primarily to work with the churches, to see that the kinds of things we have been doing will be carried on — dialogues, seminars, this type of program," he said.

-4-

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

★ ★ ★

Petition Seeks To Bar Some From U. Campus

A petition asking the regents of the University of New Mexico to take steps to keep persons advocating disobedience of law off the university campus will be presented to the regents at their next meeting.

Bill Harty, Albuquerque attorney and spokesmen for those passing the petition, said he would present it to the regents. He said it is signed by about 1200 persons from all parts of the state, including residents of Farmington, Clovis, Hobbs, Las Cruces and Alamogordo.

"We could have gotten a lot more signatures," Harty said, "but we made no attempt to get sheer volume. We did get signatures from representative average citizens from throughout the state.

"Some of the things which have occurred recently on the campus have been bothering people throughout the state, and bother particularly the parents of students at the university," he added.

The petition, states the signers, "while completely supporting freedom of expression," asks the regents and Ferrell Heady, president of the university, "to take firm and immediate action" along several lines.

These include:

—Initiate policies to keep from the campus "those who may be known to use narcotics," or who sell narcotics.

—Initiate policies necessary to bar from the campus "all who use the university as a forum to advocate disobedience of the law, and to ridicule the law."

—Institute policies "to bar from employment those who advocate and abet disobedience of the laws of the state of New Mexico and the United States."

-5*-

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

A8

JOURNAL

ALBUQUERQUE NEW MEXICO

Date: 11/1/68

Edition:

1 - Mr. [redacted]

SAC, Albuquerque (105-1677) 10-22-68

FBI 110 REC-123
Director, FBI ~~(100-445698)~~ 1914
100-449648-62-7

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reurlet 10-9-68.

For your information, the Bureau has ordered reprints of the article appearing in "The Reader's Digest" in quantity. When received, a sufficient supply will be furnished your office.

RHH:mkl
(4)

NOTE:

By relet Albuquerque furnished the Bureau a copy of an article appearing in the October issue of "The Reader's Digest" entitled "SDS: Engineers of Campus Chaos" by Eugene H. Methvin. Albuquerque requested authority to obtain copies of this article for captioned program. We have previously asked New York to obtain copies of this article for our use in captioned program.

MAILED 4
OCT 28 1968
COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104-01

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 10/9/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) P

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Albuquerque letter, 10/1/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau is a Xerox copy of an article currently appearing in the October, 1968, issue of Reader's Digest.

Bureau authority is requested to acquire ten reprints of this article for distribution to college administrators from "concerned taxpayers who hope this isn't happening in the schools in our state."

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Albuquerque
GKM/bjc
(3)

100-449648-62-7

REC 13 100-[illegible]

12 OCT 10 1968

INTSEC

SDS: Engineers of Campus Chaos

A small but highly active band of college students, calling themselves Students for a Democratic Society, are doing everything they can to dispense with both democracy and society

By Eugene H. Methvin

During the past year, college campuses across the United States from Columbia to Stanford exploded with violence, bloodshed and arson. In the thick of this disruption was an organization of self-proclaimed radicals called the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS).

This fall, as classes resume, educators and police who once shrugged off SDS as just another band of youthful rebels are bracing for more trouble. To see why, look at a sampling of SDS's recent record. At the University of Wisconsin last fall, 70 persons were injured after an SDS-organized riot against Dow Chemical Co. recruiters. At the University of Georgia, SDS-led demonstrators occupied the administration building, demanding that women students be allowed to drink and stay out all night. At San Francisco State, they launched a rampage of looting, brawling and attempted arson of a campus bookstore, all in the name of defending four hoodlums who had beaten up the editor of the student newspaper. At the University of California in Berkeley, they deployed radio-directed students as shock troops, erected barricades and fought pitched battles with police in an assault on the Oakland Induction Center.

New York University philosophy professor Sidney Hook sums it [illegible]:

100-446648-62-7

"By their lawless actions, the members of SDS threaten to become the true grave diggers of academic freedom in the United States."

Salable Line. SDS was activated in June 1962 by a gathering of 59 collegians at Port Huron, Mich. The organization's first manifesto was the "Port Huron Statement," a 30,000-word mildly Marxist economic critique of America. In it, the members were, in one SDSer's words, "naming the enemy and then saying how to get him."

This has proved a most salable line among the new collegiate generation. In just 14 years, America's college population has skyrocketed from 2,600,000 to seven million. Typically, at Cornell the biggest freshman and sophomore classes fell to green teaching assistants with an average age of 26; at Berkeley, 900 graduate assistants carried the instruction load in the first two years, and classes often bloated to 1500. Thousands of students arrived on campus expecting close and intellectually enriching contact with wise professors, and instead crashed up against the increasing impersonality, the anonymity and regimented demands of today's mass universities.

Some among them began looking for a scapegoat. Yale psychologist Kenneth Keniston calls the activists a tiny minority with a "protest-prone personality." Prof. Lewis Feuer, who quit Berkeley in disgust after campus totalitarians took over, found them "possessed by a terrible, compulsive irrationality that corrupted their idealism." Another critic diagnosed this significant and talented minority as "super-idealists, unhappy because America fails to live up to its textbook image, upset because life is different from dreams."

Bored with the prospect of ordinary careers in the affluent "post-industrial" technocracy, many of these students began cranking SDS mimeographs, walking picket lines and attending SDS rallies. By mid-1968, SDS claimed to have 6300 dues-paying members with another 35,000 unregistered participants in 250 chapters, all under the direction of SDS headquarters in a shabby two-room flat on Chicago's West Madison Street.

Miniskirts and Manuals. The student who walks into an SDS meeting today hears Marxist rhetoric often virtually indistinguishable from Radio Moscow's worst Stalinist paranoia. SDS organizers denounce "oppressors," "exploiters," and the "Al Capones who run this country." The university is a "colony" of "the military-industrial complex." Members refer openly to themselves as "professional revolutionaries" whose careers are "committed to the destruction of imperialism and capitalism." SDS National Secretary Greg Calvert boasted to a New York *Times* reporter: "We're working to build a guerrilla force in an urban environment. We're actively organizing sedition."

Scores of those who have swallowed the SDS hook are attracted by

big issues such as slum poverty, civil rights and the Vietnam war. But SDS strategy also calls for pouncing on *any issue* that will excite students. At Princeton it was letting girls in the dormitories, at the University of Texas the presence of a Confederate flag, at San Francisco State a food-price protest and demand to take over the cafeteria and bookstore, at the University of Chicago a controversy over draft-deferment exams and class rankings.

"Every attempt should be made to connect campus issues with off-campus questions," advises former SDS Vice President Carl Davidson. "In the high schools, raise demands to wear long hair and miniskirts, and then politicalize them," prescribes a California SDSer. At Wisconsin, another reports, "We organized dormitory students around rules, and then it was easy to move them on such issues as the university's relation to Chase Manhattan Bank."

Specific suggestions for throwing monkey wrenches into the machinery of society include such tactics as: picking public fights with welfare workers; starting trash-can fires and pulling fire alarms in high schools as "forms of protest"; making appointments by the score with university deans and registrars—to "overuse the bureaucracy"; checking out an inordinate number of books to disrupt libraries and study programs; disrupting draft boards by registering under a false name so "federal agents will spend much time attempting to track down people who do not exist." Such tactics are far more than youthful pranks. Their ultimate goal is nothing less than the destruction of society itself.

How Pink? Though the SDS has an image of independent radicalism, mounting evidence indicates it is not as much a "New Left" as it would have press and public believe. For instance:

• Communists have sat in on SDS meetings and coached organizers from the start. In turn, SDS leaders have been welcomed at secret communist conventions.

• The 1965 SDS convention repealed a constitutional stipulation barring communists from membership. Subsequently, Communist Party leaders quietly told members they "could work through SDS." Soon a Progressive Labor Party group sympathetic to the Red Chinese moved into SDS. Today the Maoist, Stalinist and Trotskyite Communist Parties abound at SDS conventions and control some SDS chapters.

• SDSers maintain contacts with communist nations through frequent foreign travels. Tom Hayden, an SDS founder and its tactical chieftain, visited Hanoi in 1965 with top U.S. Red strategist Herbert Aptheker. He has also sojourned in Moscow, Peking and Havana. In September 1967, ten SDSers journeyed to Bratislava, Czechoslovakia, for a week-long ultra-secret powwow with Vietcong and North Vietnamese representatives. Other leaders went to Havana for Castro's

International Cultural Congress last January.

• A strong communist flavor was vividly apparent at SDS's national convention in East Lansing, Mich., last June. Moved by the romantic image of Castro, delegates spouted the maxims of Che Guevara and paraded in khakis. Of the three national officers chosen, only one failed to proclaim himself a communist. Before her unanimous election as inter-organizational secretary, non-student Bernadine Dohrn, 26, was asked if she was a "socialist." Her reply: "I consider myself a revolutionary communist." At that, the audience of 500 rose in cheers.

The SDSers marched the red flag of communist revolution and the black flag of anarchy to the dais of their convention hall. Without a ripple of dissent, speaker after speaker espoused the dogma that American society must be destroyed by constant disruption now and revolutionary "armed struggle" when the time is ripe. "The ability to manipulate people through violence and mass media has never been greater, the potential for us as radicals never more exciting, than now," one speaker proclaimed. Behind the scenes, FBI intelligence has revealed, a secret workshop in "sabotage and explosives" dealt with what type of bomb best destroys communications and how to fire Molotov cocktails from shotguns.

Yet it would be a mistake simply to identify all SDS members as Moscow or Peking communists. Indeed, many are actively anti-Kremlin and non-communist. Their common bond "is a passionate desire to destroy, to annihilate, to tear down," says FBI director J. Edgar Hoover. "To put it bluntly, they are a new type of subversive, and their danger is great."

To understand *how* dangerous, look at the SDS in action at the most explosive of the recent disorders—the upheaval at Columbia.

Revolt at Columbia. Late last year, 300 delegates to the SDS National Council at Bloomington, Ind., decided to launch a national campaign they dubbed "Ten days to shake the empire." Secret caucuses picked Columbia for a "beacon" demonstration whose flare would spark a nationwide conflagration.

Field general for the insurrection was junior Mark Rudd, who had been named Columbia SDS chapter chairman after returning from a January tour in Cuba. On March 27, he led a hundred followers into Low Library, Columbia's large-domed administrative center, and demanded that the university end its sponsorship of a defense research institute. Ordered to appear for disciplinary action, Rudd announced that a new march would be made into Low Library on April 23. Blocked by 200 anti-SDS students on that date, he and his followers stormed into Hamilton Hall, Columbia's main undergraduate classroom center. There they imprisoned Dean Henry Coleman and two aides for 25 hours and unveiled a list of "demands," rang-

ing from complete amnesty for Rudd and others to stopping construction on a nearby gym bordering Harlem. The next day, an SDS raiding party smashed into and occupied Low Library; later three other university buildings were seized. Raiders broke into the university president's office, filched his files, handed out copies of his personal correspondence. They set up a "war room" in one building and coordinated activity through a network of 40 walkie-talkies, telephones and runners.

Shut out of their classes, other students were outraged. They formed a "Majority Coalition," swiftly marshaled 2000 signatures demanding that the university president take "firm action." Said Coalition spokesman Paul Vilardi: "Students do have some reasonable complaints, but what SDS is doing to Columbia is like slitting your wife's throat because she eats crackers in bed."

But President Grayson Kirk vacillated. He suspended gym construction, and reportedly promised to end military research, even to tender his own resignation "for reasons of health." So 400 anti-protesters, wearing coats and ties as their own badge of protest, formed a human wall around Low Library offices to stop food and messengers. The radicals tried to storm through, swinging fists, but the blockaders held. Finally, with the radicals rumored to be arming themselves with pipes, staves and bricks, Kirk sent the Majority Coalition home and asked police to clear the buildings.

At Low Library, 500 students and faculty blocked the way; at Fayerweather Hall, another 125. They screamed "Police brutality!" into grinding television cameras as police formed a standard riot wedge and charged, bloodying noses and heads. Police arrested 707—26 percent not on Columbia student rolls.

"This cop violence is good!" said Rudd. "We're going to get a lot of help." Grabbing the police-intervention issue, SDSers inveigled many former critics into joining a campus-wide strike. The Columbia faculty gave in and canceled formal classes for the rest of the school year.

But that was not the end of the Columbia tragedy. Four weeks later Rudd and his followers marched into Hamilton again. Campus gates were barricaded, and, following a peaceful arrest, fires were set in Fayerweather, and bricks were hurled at police. Someone even broke into the office of a professor who had condemned extremism, and there burned his manuscript and notes representing ten years of research.

Time to Get Tough. The sad lesson of Columbia was stated by New York *Times* education writer Fred M. Hechinger: "Any society, academic or otherwise, that lacks the will to defend itself against illegitimate disruption and takeover is crippled and, as a free society, may be doomed."

Indeed, the lessons must now be clear to all:

1. Students and faculty must sup-

port prompt action to maintain campus peace. At Brooklyn College, when SDSers seized the registrar's office, other students condemned the disrupters as "today's version of Hitler's storm troopers," demanded "strict enforcement of the law"—and got it. College authorities summarily expelled the rebels, police carted them off, and peace returned to Brooklyn College.

2. College administrators must not appease or temporize with totalitarian minorities using coercion and anti-democratic tactics. Although the intervention of civic police was abhorrent to all, both students and administrators at Columbia admit that firm action taken against the first few hundred Hamilton Hall sit-ins would have avoided the escalation of protest to a university-wide strike. Before Columbia's troubles were over, 5000 students were involved, a serious clash with police had occurred, and the entire school had suffered an inestimable loss of prestige.

3. We must all support basic university reforms that *are* needed. Inevitably, a "knowledge factory" atmosphere has developed from the campus population explosion, with accompanying depersonalization and frustration. Educators must pay far more attention to the individual student and to legitimate, orderly expression of grievances.

Talking to educators and students around the country, I find a hopeful, growing determination that responsible, forceful action by the democratic majority can demolish the SDS "imperialist conspiracy" syndrome. "Students are usually idealists and in fact come to college to seek a better world by getting the best possible education," Columbia junior Jonathan Edelstein said to me. "But if we let a dictatorial extremist minority who think they have already found all the answers rob us of that opportunity, we will lose the future."

THE NOVEMBER Reader's Digest will carry an article exploring some of the causes of student dissatisfaction today and the reasons why even nonradical students often lend their support to the current rebellion.

For information on reprints of this article, see page 18

Campaign Cuties. Alice Maloney, a Democrat, and Barbara Hess, a Republican, live across the street from each other, and both were helping their respective political parties in money-raising drives. After an evening of canvassing they compared notes and were amazed at the number of times each hit the opposition party on their calls. So the gals got an inspiration: they made the calls together. When Barbara was brushed off with "I'm a Democrat," she'd answer, "Fine. Mrs. Maloney, here, is collecting for your party."

—Rockville, Md., *Bethesda-Chevy Chase Advertiser*

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 10/1/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) P

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter, 5/10/68, which instructed participating offices to submit a status letter for the prior three-month period including comments under the following captions.

1. POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

There were no SDS activities during the summer months.

[redacted] Albuquerque will submit appropriate counterintelligence actions.

[redacted]. In connection with the NMR, it is noted that the former leader [redacted] was arrested in New Orleans on draft evasion charges. This was afforded publicity in the University of New Mexico campus newspaper, "New Mexico Lobo." The current leader of the NMR, [redacted] was declared delinquent by his Local Board in San Francisco during August, 1968. He was last seen in the Albuquerque Division on August 30, 1968. Efforts to locate him since have been unsuccessful. It is noted that a warrant has not been issued for his arrest, but he may have left Albuquerque in fear of possible arrest based on his being declared a draft delinquent. In the event process is issued, Albuquerque will submit a plan to give his flight and the arrest of [redacted] additional publicity.

100-449695-62-6

In connection with activities on the campus of the New Mexico State University at Las Cruces, New Mexico, a PSI is currently under development, and university action in relation to the closing of "The Hut," a coffee house where agitators have met in the past, is pending. This situation should be resolved during the month of October and the course of action to be followed

(2) - Bureau (RM)
2 - Albuquerque
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REC 82

EX 110

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at the University in regard to the Civil Rights Action Committee will also be determined.

2. PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

In connection with strengthened liaison with those persons and agencies directly responsible for narcotics violations, Albuquerque Agents have been afforded and accepted the opportunity of sitting in on weekly debriefings of undercover city police officers. While their primary function is in the area of narcotics violations, they incidentally obtain information pertaining to proposed campus activities of the SDS and off campus of the NMR.

Albuquerque has had no other pending counterintelligence action during the prior three-month period.

3. TANGIBLE RESULTS

It is noted that it is too early to tell what specific results have been obtained in this program, but the Albuquerque Division feels that it has strengthened its ability to be aware of the SDS and NMR activities, as well as any other New Left activities by developing the above-mentioned sources. The general feeling in the community has changed from last year in that the people in authority have expressed more concern and a desire to know more about New Left activities in order to take appropriate counteraction should it be necessary. In this regard, the Director's message to all law enforcement officials, dated September 1, 1968, has been afforded wide dissemination in the New Mexico area.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 7/1/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) (P)

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
INTERNAL SECURITY
DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT
BUDED: 7/3/68

[redacted]

Re Bureau letter, dated 5/28/68, which directed recipients to submit for each college or university in their territory where organized New Left groups are in existence of where there have been campus disturbances within the past year detailed information concerning the identity of New Left organizations.

Enclosed for the Bureau are fifteen copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned New Left Activity, University of New Mexico, and fifteen copies of a letterhead memorandum captioned New Left Activity, New Mexico State University.

In regard to the first letterhead memorandum described above, the informants are as follows:

AQ T-1 [redacted]

AQ T-2 [redacted]

AQ T-3 [redacted]

AQ T-4 [redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES DESIRED BY HQ(S) OF CLASSIFIED DATA 7-22-68

DATE FORWARD: 7-8-68
HOW FORWARD: hls
BY: ALS/jmp

100-449648-62-5

As previously reported in Albuquerque airtel, 6/19/68, captioned "INVESTIGATION OF THE NEW LEFT," informant and source coverage of the University of New Mexico campus is as follows:

[redacted] (C)

REC. 1

2 - Bureau (Enc. 30) (RM)
2 - Albuquerque
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ENCLOSURE

1 JUL 4 1968

CLASSIFIED BY
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

54 JUL 22 1968

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[redacted]

It is also noted that daily liaison is maintained with [redacted] who has sources directed against New Left activities in the Albuquerque area and who freely makes information furnished by these sources available to the FBI personnel.

In addition there is daily liaison with the University of New Mexico campus Security Office.

Liaison with military intelligence agencies in our division has been effected in order to obtain the identities of military intelligence personnel recently discharged or those who are about to be discharged in order to determine whether they offer potential for development as FBI informants and/or sources.

In regard to informant and source coverage at New Mexico State University, there is no active informant coverage among the students; however, coverage is effected through continuing liaison with reliable officials including the [redacted] who are active in investigation of activities on the University campus. There has also been contact with [redacted]

Information from these sources indicates the current thinking is to refuse readmission to the recalcitrant students, designated in the letterhead memorandum, for the coming semester based upon certain of their actions and statements being detrimental to the best interests of the University. Pending the outcome of this action, the situation will be reexamined and, if merited, appropriate coverage with Bureau authority will be obtained.

In accordance with instructions in referenced letter, contact was made with sources on the following campuses in the territory of the Albuquerque Division to determine a potential for violence for the forthcoming school year. All advised there had been no disruptive activities or problems with campus groups in the past and none are anticipated for the

forthcoming school year.

Roswell Resident Agency

College of the Southwest
Hobbs, New Mexico

Hobbs Junior College
Hobbs, New Mexico

College of Artesia
Artesia, New Mexico

New Mexico Military Institute
Roswell, New Mexico

Clovis Resident Agency

Eastern New Mexico University
Portales, New Mexico

Santa Fe Resident Agency

New Mexico Highlands University
Las Vegas, New Mexico

College of Santa Fe
Santa Fe, New Mexico

St. John's College
Santa Fe, New Mexico

Deming Resident Agency

Western New Mexico University
Silver City, New Mexico

Las Cruces Resident Agency

New Mexico State University (except see LHM)
Las Cruces, New Mexico

Albuquerque

University of New Mexico (except see LHM)
Albuquerque, New Mexico

CONFIDENTIAL

AQ 105-1677

New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology
Socorro, New Mexico

University of Albuquerque
Albuquerque, New Mexico

The letterhead memorandum captioned New Left Activity, Universtiy of New Mexico, is being classified confidential in order to protect informants of continuing value.

In the letterhead memorandum concerning the University of New Mexico, the Agents who observed the demonstration on 10/17/67 were SA [redacted] SA [redacted] SA [redacted] SA [redacted], and SA [redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL

ENCLOSURE 100-449678-62-3

[redacted]

NEW LEFT ACTIVITY
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

revealed that [redacted] was not a member of the CP and had resigned from the CP over fundamental differences with its policy, program and orientation.

AQ T-1 advised on April 3, 1968, that the SDS on the campus of the University of New Mexico does not have any local officers, and that at each meeting of the SDS, a temporary chairman is appointed to conduct the meeting.

AQ T-1 continued that from time to time various individuals in the SDS served on committees to handle certain SDS functions; however, these are not permanent committees, and all individuals sooner or later serve on different committees.

[redacted] University of New Mexico, advised on April 4, 1968, that [redacted] is the faculty advisor of the SDS.

AQ T-1 advised on October 27, 1967, that at an SDS meeting held on October 25, 1967, at 1718 Central Avenue, Albuquerque, New Mexico, it was discussed that the SDS would sponsor a protest of Dow Chemical Company recruiters who were scheduled to visit the University of New Mexico campus on November 17 and 18, 1967.

[redacted] versity of New Mexico, advised that between the hours of 9:00 AM and 12:00 PM on November 7, 1967, about fifty protestors circled around the Placement Center Building located on the University of New Mexico campus, Albuquerque, protesting the recruitment of Dow Chemical Company; some had white armbands and a few carried posters which said "distinguish Napalm."

[redacted] advised that by 11:00 AM, the group had dwindled to approximately twenty-five and it was considered a peaceful demonstration and no incidents occurred.

[redacted] University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, advised that the University of New Mexico had made a statement regarding several comments both for and against Dow Chemical Company recruiting on the campus of the University of New Mexico on November 7, 1967, and November 8, 1967.

[redacted]

NEW LEFT ACTIVITY
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

[redacted] advised that the University affirmed the right of the students to peacefully protest and stated that an article appearing on Page 1 of the November 6, 1967, issue of the "New Mexico Lobo," a student newspaper published at the University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, New Mexico, shows the different groups that are planning on peaceful demonstrations during the time the Dow Chemical Company would be recruiting on the campus.

AQ T-1 advised on November 22, 1967, that at a meeting of the SDS held on November 20, 1967, at the SUB, University of New Mexico, there was a general discussion concerning SDS participating in the anti-draft activities which were planned nationally for December 4-8, 1967

AQ T-1 advised on December 5, 1967, that the SDS would have a mock ROTC drill adjacent to the area where the University of New Mexico United States Navy ROTC would drill between 4:30 and 5:00 PM on December 5, 1967.

[redacted], University of New Mexico, advised on December 5, 1967, that a group of about fifteen individuals, believed all to be University of New Mexico students, came to the ROTC drill area on the campus about 4:30 PM, December 5, 1967 At this time they were told by his department that they did not have a permit to enter the drill area. [redacted] advised that they agreed and all went into the grandstands and made a few unrecalled remarks, stomped their feet for a few minutes and thereafter, remained silent.

[redacted] stated that there was no disobedience, no arrests, and he considered the event to be peaceful.

AQ T-3 advised on October 16, 1967, that the SDS held a meeting at the SUB, University of New Mexico, on the same date and at this meeting decided that they would have a demonstration in front of the Armed Forces Induction Center, Albuquerque, New Mexico, October 17, 1967.

On October 17, 1967, Special Agents of the FBI observed nine individuals standing outside the Old Post Office Building, Fourth and Gold Southwest, Albuquerque, New Mexico. It is noted that this is the location of the Armed Forces Induction Center, and this protest was peaceful and there was no civil

[redacted]

disobedience. It was also observed that all of the inductees for the Armed Forces Induction Centerhad arrived prior to the protest.

AQ T-1 advised on October 19, 1967, that the SDS held a meeting at the SUB, University of New Mexico, on October 18, 1967, and at this meeting a general discussion was had regarding the failure of the demonstration on October 17, 1967, at the Albuquerque Armed Forces Induction Center.

According to AQ T-1, it was felt that there was insufficient organization and planning by SDS.

AQ T-3 advised on October 24, 1967, that [redacted] leader of the Federal Alliance of Free City States (FAFCS) in Albuquerque, New Mexico, desired to form a coalition with the SDS, but that the SDS was not particularly interest in an association with the FAFCS.

A characterization of the FAFCS is appended hereto.

AQ T-4 advised on October 22, 1967, that [redacted] and [redacted] attended the FAFCS convention in Albuquerque, New Mexico, on October 21, 1967.

AQ T-4 advised that [redacted] stated he was at the convention as a representative of SDS and that this convention was held in the Civic Auditorium.

AQ T-1 advised on October 24, 1967, that on October 22, 1967, [redacted] and some other SDSers, including himself, attended the second session of the FAFCS convention held at the Civic Auditorium at Albuquerque, New Mexico.

AQ T-4 advised on October 27, 1967, that [redacted] and [redacted] along with other SDS individuals were going to El Paso on October 27, 1967, to assist [redacted] in his attempt to present the land-grants claims of the FAFCS to the conference on Mexican-American Problems, El Paso, Texas, on October 27 and 28, 1967.

AQ T-3 advised on November 1, 1967, that at a meeting of the SDS on October 24, 1967, held in the SUB at the University

of New Mexico, it was discussed that the SDS at the University of New Mexico should go to El Paso to support [redacted] President of the FAFCS, who planned to speak at the Mexican-American conference to be held in El Paso, Texas, on October 27, 1967. AQ T-3 advised that the SDS had no specific plan of activity to be carried out while in El Paso, Texas.

AQ T-1 advised on October 31, 1967, that the SDS from the University of New Mexico went to El Paso, Texas, on October 27, 1967. AQ T-1 stated that the SDS group spent most of the day of October 28, 1967, at the Del Norte Hotel, El Paso, Texas, observing activities of the groups not invited to the conference on the Mexican-American Problems.

AQ T-1 advised that at noon on October 28, 1967, the SDS group from Albuquerque attempted to picket President Johnson at the San Francisco Bridge in El Paso, Texas; however, this picket was broken up by local law enforcement, and was most ineffective.

AQ T-1 advised on January 9, 1968, that the SDS on January 7, 1968, discussed having a demonstration against CIA Recruiters who were coming on the campus of the University of New Mexico on February 14-15, 1968.

AQ T-4 advised on January 17, 1968, that he had been in contact with [redacted] on January 13, 1968, and [redacted] had advised that the SDS planned to demonstrate against CIA Recruiters on the campus of the University of New Mexico on February 14, 1968.

[redacted] advised on February 14 and 15, 1968, that the SDS did not demonstrate when CIA Recruiters were on the campus of the University of New Mexico on the above dates.

AQ T-1 advised on February 14, 1968, that the planned SDS demonstration against CIA Recruiters on the campus of the University of New Mexico did not materialize and that the SDS is not able to organize the University of New Mexico students into demonstrations as they had been in the past.

[redacted]

NEW LEFT ACTIVITY
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

The "New Mexico Lobo," a publication of the University of New Mexico, in an issue dated February 1, 1968, had an article announcing a meeting of the New Mexico Resistance in Room 231-B of the Student Union Building, and that students from SDS were making arrangements for renting the room inasmuch as the Resistance is not a recognized campus organization.

The "New Mexico Lobo," a publication of the University of New Mexico, in an issue dated March 7, 1968, had an article indicating that the SDS will support the local New Mexico Resistance group in their forthcoming proposed demonstrations.

In this article, the New Mexico Resistance was described as a self-admitted anti-draft organization.

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us". At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes", the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. They national headquarters of this organization as of April 18, 1967, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

[redacted]

APPENDIX

1

ALIANZA FEDERAL DE MERCEDES
(Federal Alliance of Spanish Land Grant Heirs)(AFDM),
also known as
Federal Alliance of Free City States
(Alianza Federal de Pueblos Libres)(FAFCS)

On October 8, 1963, the Alianza Federal de Mercedes (Federal Alliance of Spanish Land Grant Heirs)(AFDM) was incorporated in New Mexico. Its purpose was to acquaint heirs of all Spanish Land Grants with their rights under the treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo. [redacted] was the president, with business and residence address at [redacted], New Mexico. The name of the organization was changed on August 19, 1967, to Federal Alliance of Free City States (Alianza Federal de Pueblos Libres) (FAFCS).

On October 26, 1966, [redacted] and four other members of AFDM were charged in Federal Court with Assaulting a Federal Officer and conversion of Government property, as a result of their land claims, and on November 11, 1967, all were found guilty.

On June 5, 1967, [redacted] and 19 others were charged in State Court with kidnaping and assault with intent to commit felonies, resulting from entering the Tierra Amarilla, New Mexico, Courthouse with firearms and forcibly holding hostages and shooting law enforcement officers. Charges against all but eleven were subsequently dismissed and the eleven are awaiting trial.

A source has advised that [redacted], Santa Fe, New Mexico, has been advising [redacted] and claims him as her protege.

On June 28, 1966, a second source advised that [redacted] had been elected to the National Committee, Communist Party, USA, at the 18th National Convention in New York City, June 22-26, 1966.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

[redacted]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Albuquerque, New Mexico
July 1, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Title NEW LEFT ACTIVITY
UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

Character

Reference Memorandum at Albuquerque, New Mexico, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Albuquerque New Mexico
July ., 1968

NEW LEFT ACTIVITY
NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY

[redacted] New Mexico State University, furnished information to the effect that the Civil Rights Action Committee had been organized on the campus of that University in October, 1967. The objective was to obtain civil rights for all minority groups at the New Mexico State University. This group claimed no affiliation with any off-campus organization and their meetings were under the leadership of [redacted] in Las Cruces, New Mexico. One of their first demands was in the form of a petition by [redacted] a University student from New York City, who complained about the University's requirement that male students, physically able, were required to take reserve officers training under the Army or Air Force. The University Board of Regents rejected the claim of the Civil Rights Action Committee and [redacted] was required to participate in this program.

On May 14, 1968, leaders of the Civil Rights Action Committee met with University leaders and listed certain demands as follows:

1. That the University hire a number of colored professors in certain departments.

2. That a history class be offered on Afro-American affairs and that this be required for all students.

3. That all non-integrated (with the exception of religious organizations) organizationson the campus be abolished

4. That two Afro-American representatives be appointed to the Student Council so Negroes could be represented.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

100-449678-
100-449698-62-5

5. That scholarships be arranged for Negroes.

6. That a Negro coach be hired.

University President Roger B. Corbett met with the leaders of this organization and refused all of their demands.

The principal leaders of the Civil Rights Action Committee are [redacted], a third year Arts and Science student from New York City, and [redacted] a Negro female from Las Vegas, New Mexico

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 7/1/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677) P

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
INTERNAL SECURITY
DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT

ReBulet, 5/10/68, and Albuquerque letter, 5/31/68.

Referenced Bureau letter instructed participating offices to submit a status letter covering the prior three-month period utilizing the following captions, commencing July 1, 1968.

1) POTENTIAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

In view of recent statements by SDS participants to the effect the SDS is falling apart in Albuquerque and the fact recent meetings have been cancelled because of a lack of attendance, no potential counterintelligence action is deemed advisable at this time. Since apathy may be destroying SDS and New Left activity in this area, counterintelligence measures may only serve to stimulate and/or provide a rallying point. It is recognized the situation could change radically with the influx of new students in September and this matter will be closely followed through informants and campus sources. At the first indication of a swelling in the ranks or a rekindling of interest, appropriate countermeasures will be devised and submitted for Bureau consideration.

2) PENDING COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTION

On the theory there is at least an indirect relationship between New Left activities on campus and the use of narcotics, this division has strengthened its liaison with those persons and agencies directly responsible for narcotics violations.

[redacted] U. S. Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs

[redacted] New Mexico State Police

[redacted] Albuquerque Police Department

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2 - Albuquerque
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In addition, names of students and youths arrested on narcotics charges are being indexed to the New Left file in Albuquerque for possible future reference.

The proposal to initiate a series of anonymous telephone calls to the [redacted] residence (as proposed in referenced Albuquerque letter) is being held in abeyance due to the lack of SDS activity on the campus, the inactivity of [redacted] and [redacted] concerning New Left and other political matters, and [redacted]'s announced intention of not returning to school in the fall.

Also the proposal to promote friction among the minority groups by sly remarks and letters to the editors has been discarded since the conceivable benefit does not sufficiently outweigh the potential hazards involved at this time.

3) TANGIBLE RESULTS

None

4) MISCELLANEOUS

By letter dated 6/27/68, Albuquerque furnished a news clipping reporting criticism of irresponsible college administrators who condone lawlessness on campuses throughout America by the Board of Directors of the New Mexico Business and Manufacturers Association. It was suggested similar action by similar groups across the country might curb New Left activities on college campuses.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 6/27/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
INTERNAL SECURITY
DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT

Re Bulet 5/23/68.

Enclosed are 2 copies of an article relating to the third item of referenced letter. This item directed recipients to set forth information to show the value of college administrators and school officials taking a firm stand in resisting militant minority elements attempting to disrupt or take over college campuses.

Albuquerque recommends this be brought to the attention of all offices since similar statements by similar groups would tend to influence school administrators, and certainly firm handling of unlawful acts by students and faculty would greatly disrupt New Left activities.

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REC-68

INTERFILED

6 JUL 8 1968

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THE FOLLOWING ARTICLE WAS ON PAGE C8 OF THE JUNE 25, 1969 EDITION OF "THE ALBUQUERQUE TRIBUNE."

Administrators Are Target

Lawlessness on Campuses Criticized by N.M. Group

The Board of Directors of the New Mexico Business and Manufacturers Association, today criticized irresponsible college administrators who condone lawlessness on campuses throughout America.

In a prepared statement, the board said that when university authorities fail to deal with situations of lawlessness," they contribute to the establishment of a dangerous precedent in unlawful conduct."

Laud N.M. Officials

The board added at the same time that college officials in New Mexico have done an excellent job in teaching respect for the law.

Nationwide, however, the story is quite a bit different.

"Whenever militant groups can take the law into their own hands . . . and attempt to justify their action on the theory that the end sought justifies the means used, our country moves closer to anarchy," the board declared.

'Positive Interest'

Thomas E. Speer, executive director of the NMBMA, said that the growing amount of disorder in America "is an area that New Mexico business should show a positive interest in."

"Business is hurt by all this lawlessness," Speer said. "It is interrupting the business development in many areas of the United States."

The complete statement of the New Mexico Business and Manufacturers Association:

The serious difficulties being created, with increasing frequency, by small groups of students and some faculty members is a matter of deep concern to all New Mexico citizens and institutions.

Unlawful

The manner in which some university authorities are handling these unlawful actions is even more disturbing. When university authorities fail to deal with situations of this type in accordance with elementary principles of law and order, they contribute to the establishment of a dangerous precedent in unlawful conduct which can be harmful to all institutions, including industry.

Moreover, industry, both through taxes and by direct contributions, furnishes substantial financial support to institutions of higher learning. Therefore, industry clearly has a duty to express its views on this problem.

Pass Judgment

The New Mexico Business and Manufacturers Association does not presume to pass judgment on the validity of the alleged grievances and demands that have been precipitating these controversies.

The NMBMA notes, however, that many of the disturbances are reported to have been planned long in advance and had been based on demands which were in some cases spurious and deceptive.

Enforce Demands

However, irrespective of the possible merit of the student complaints, we deplore the condoning by university officials of unlawful action by some student groups and faculty members in attempting to enforce such demands.

Whenever militant groups can take the law into their own bands with impunity, and attempt to justify their action on the theory that the end sought justifies the means used, our country moves closer to anarchy.

Our society must have respect for the law if it is to endure. Ours is a government of laws, not of men. Without law and order, we have chaos.

All Officials

We call upon all college officials, in New Mexico who to date have done an excellent job, in teaching the paramount necessity of respect for the law, and they carry that fundamental principle into practice in dealing with unlawful acts by students and faculty.

We commend those college administrators who have done so recently, displaying leadership and courage in handling student challenges to their authority.

100-449695-62-3

100-449678-17

GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 6/12/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
INTERNAL SECURITY
DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT

Re Bulet 5/23/68, which instructed recipients to submit a communication, including the following detailed information:

1) FALSE ALLEGATIONS OF POLICE BRUTALITY

None. In fact, as previously reported, [redacted] (currently under arrest for draft evasion), on 4/2/68, complimented the Albuquerque Police Department for the manner in which it handled a demonstration and suggested the police departments of other cities could well imitate its example. Leaders of POCAM in Albuquerque also praised the local police for the fine manner in which they handled the march in Albuquerque.

2) IMMORALITY

Although there are indications of narcotics in some of the areas near the University of New Mexico campus, none of the arrests have been of persons connected with the SDS (or the New-Left). Members of the SDS are cautioned to be extremely circumspect in their personal behavior to preclude putting the group in an unfavorable light.

3) ACTION BY COLLEGE ADMINISTRATORS

Demonstrations on the campus have been without incident and there has been no student insurgency or situations requiring administrative firmness. Prior to the planned protest of the appearance on the UNM campus of Dow Chemical recruiters, an article in the "New Mexico Lobo" (the campus paper) stated the view of the administration. Namely, that although the students had a right to voice their disapproval, those who desired an audience with the recruiters had an equal right and were not to be interfered with in any manner. This protest, as well as the protest against ROTC training, was peaceful. The only other campus activity planned

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Albuquerque
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In the past academic year, a protest against CIA recruiting on the campus, fizzled before it began.

Albuquerque will remain alert and promptly report applicable items under the above categories.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/31/68

FROM : SAC, ALBUQUERQUE (105-1677)(P)

SUBJECT: COUNTERINTELLIGENCE PROGRAM
INTERNAL SECURITY
DISRUPTION OF THE NEW LEFT

Re Bulet 5/10/68 which instructed recipients to submit a detailed analysis of potential counterintelligence action against New Left organizations and Key Activists in their territories.

The New Left movement in the Albuquerque Division is represented by the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) at the University of New Mexico (UNM) under the leadership of [redacted] (Bufile 105-123335) and [redacted] nee [redacted] (Bufile 105-442230). [redacted] is the self-designated Southwestern Field Secretary and Coordinator of SDS, but sources report his wife, [redacted], is the power behind the throne and is far more vocal than her husband. As the Bureau is aware, counterintelligence operations have been directed against the [redacted] in the past under the Communist Party, USA, Counterintelligence Program, Internal Security - C (Bufile 100-3-104-37). In view of referenced letter, all future communications will be handled under instant caption, UACB.

On 5/23/68, [redacted], who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on 5/22/68, [redacted] stated the SDS Chapter at UNM was falling apart and becoming ineffective. She attributed this to the lackadaisical attitude of the various individuals who have in the past been participating in SDS affairs. [redacted] also stated she is pregnant and expected a baby in the latter part of 1968. She indicated she would not be attending the UNM during the first semester of the academic school year 1968-1969, but hopes to return and study for her degree after the baby is born.

[redacted] also advised on 5/5/68 that [redacted]

MCI 100-449678-62-1
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was quite ill and was under the care of an internist.

Albuquerque has no immediate counterintelligence action in mind since the UNM is currently preoccupied with final exams. Regular school work terminates next week and only the summer classes will be in session until next September.

Concerning the potential counterintelligence actions contemplated, the following ideas are being considered. It is noted there will be no specific action taken without prior Bureau authority and, at this point, these are contemplated possibilities:

1. There is a definite relationship between those who profess to be "free thinkers" and those who are experimenting with drugs and other hallucinatory agents. This is not to say that all "New Left" people indulge or that all those who indulge are "New Leftists." But a program of harassment aimed at the "dope takers" would necessarily also disrupt the New Leftists. So a program of co-ordination of this type of activity with the local police as well as the Bureau of Narcotics and Drug Abuse is contemplated.

2. Bearing in mind [redacted] pregnancy, a series of anonymous telephone calls (female voices) asking for [redacted] may create marital disharmony.

3. Judging from newspaper reports, there appears to be a rift developing at Resurrection City between the Negroes on one side and the Spanish American and "poor whites" on the other. If this can be kept boiling by sly remarks and innuendo carefully voiced by sources at appropriate times and by letters to the editor (city as well as campus newspapers) it may serve to create internal bickering in the UNM SDS. The inherent danger in this proposal is obvious and careful consideration will be given it before anything concrete is submitted for consideration.

Albuquerque suggests in the interest of economy, future communications be permitted to be submitted under the caption COINTELPRO - DNL.